

工學碩士 學位論文

InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band
downconverter MMIC

**A Study on Highly Integrated
Ku-Band Downconverter MMIC
Employing InGaP/GaAs HBT**

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2007年 2月

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A Study on Highly Integrated Ku-Band Downconverter

MMIC Employing InGaP/GaAs HBT

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Abstract

In this work, using InGaP/GaAs HBT, we have developed highly integrated Ku-band downconverter including LO rejection filter, mixer and two stage amplifiers. Especially, spiral inductor was optimally designed for a rejection of LO leakage and second harmonic LO leakage signal.

According to measurement results, the downconverter MMIC showed a conversion gain of 9.5 dB and IIP3(Third order input intercept point) of -4.5 dBm. The downconverter MMIC showed a LO leakage suppress of -36 dBc and second harmonic LO leakage suppress of -55 dBc, respectively. The good LO and its second harmonic suppress characteristic was resulted from the optimally designed spiral inductors.

Above results indicate that Ku-band downconverter employing InGaP/GaAs HBT exhibited good RF performances, and the proposed Ku-band downconverter employing InGaP/GaAs HBT is a promising candidate for a realization of one chip transceiver.

1.

,
90 가
가 ,

[1-2].

가

, 가 가 가
MMIC/RFIC , 가

LO 가 , LO RF

, LO 가 RF IF

. RF IF

LO . LO

IF , IF LO

[3]. LO

IF Low Pass Filter, Band Stop Filter

one chip

가 , MMIC (module) 가 가
가 .

HBT(Heterojunction Bipolar Transistor),
HEMT(High Electron Mobility Transistor), MESFET(Metal Semiconductor Field-
Effect Transistor) . HBT MESFET HEMT

가 , ,

, PCS

HBT . InGaP/GaAs HBT 가

가

[4]. HEMT

one chip .

one chip

InGaP/GaAs HBT

Ku-band

downconverter .

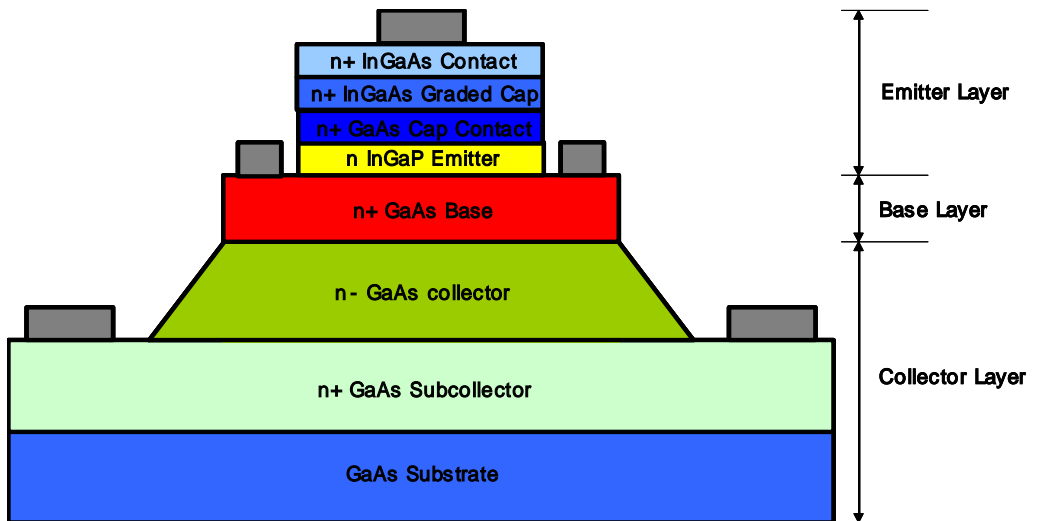
. InGaP/GaAs HBT

2.1 InGaP/GaAs HBT

InGaP/GaAs HBT MESFET HEMT 가 , ,

PCS HBT

2-1 InGaP/GaAs HBT



[2-1]. InGaP/GaAs HBT

Figure [2-1]. A cross sectional view of InGaP/GaAs HBT

2.2 InGaP/GaAs HBT

InGaP/GaAs HBT VBIC (Vertical Bipolar Inter-Company)

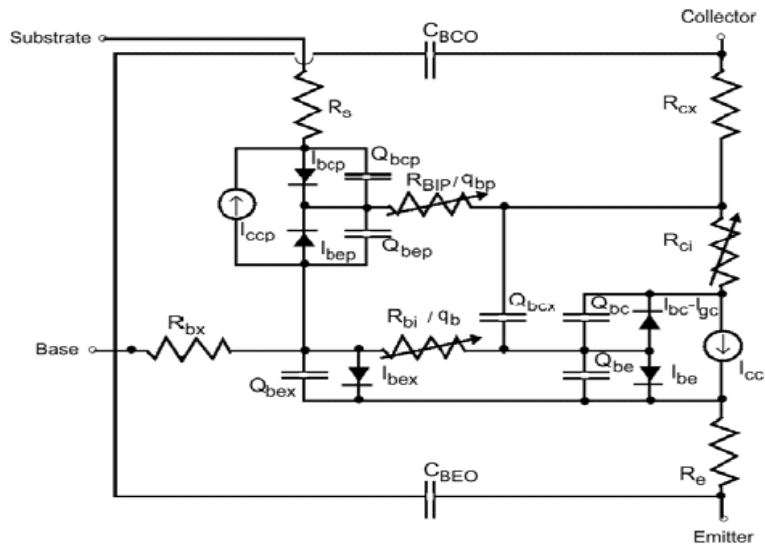
VBIC 4 terminal Base, Collector, Emitter Substrate

Gummel-poon BJT BJT

가 가 . VBIC 가

2-2

VBIC 가



[2-2]. VBIC 가

Figure [2-2]. Equivalent circuit of VBIC model

InGaP/GaAs HBT

Ku-Band downconverter

*

(Knowledge*ON)

HBT

*

InGaP/GaAs

HBT Device

2-1

Device

HL_F2x2x20

HL_F2x2x20

(figure)

(μm),

(μm)

2-3

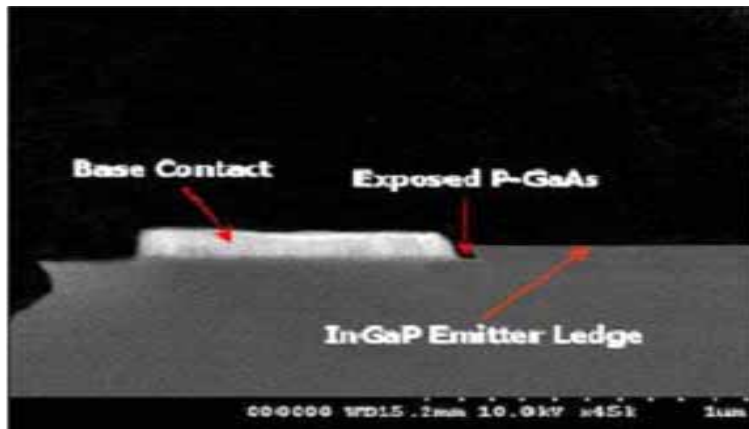
HL_F2x2x20

[2-1]. InGaP/GaAs HBT Knowledge*ON device

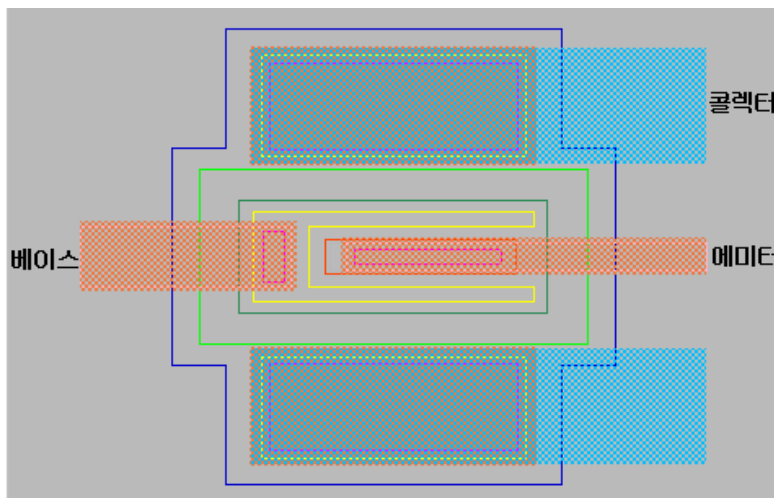
Table [2-1]. Knowledge*ON device characteristic for InGaP/GaAs HBT

Parameter	Unit	High Power	High Linearity	High Speed	Remark
Test Device		F2 2 20	F2 2 20	F1 1 10	
β		96	115	130	Gummel Plot ($J_c=25kA/cm^2$)
f_γ	GHz	34*	50**	60***	
f_{max}	GHz	84*	80**	105***	Unilateral Gain
BV_{ceo}	v	23.5	13.8	10.4	IC=100uA
BV_{cbo}	v	36.9	23.5	18.9	IC=100uA
BV_{ebo}	v	7.61	7.2	6.4	IE=100uA
V_{TurnOn}	v	1.20	1.20	1.21	Gummel Plot ($J_c=25kA/cm^2$)
V_{offset}	v	0.10	0.10	0.10	DCIV ($J_c=25kA/cm^2$)
η_c^*		1.02	1.07	1.05	Gummel Plot
η_b^*		1.10	1.13	1.11	Gummel Plot

*VC=3.5 IC=25mA, **VC=1.5 IC=20mA, ***VC=1.5 IC=7mA



(a) InGaP/GaAs HBT edge



(b) InGaP/GaAs HBT

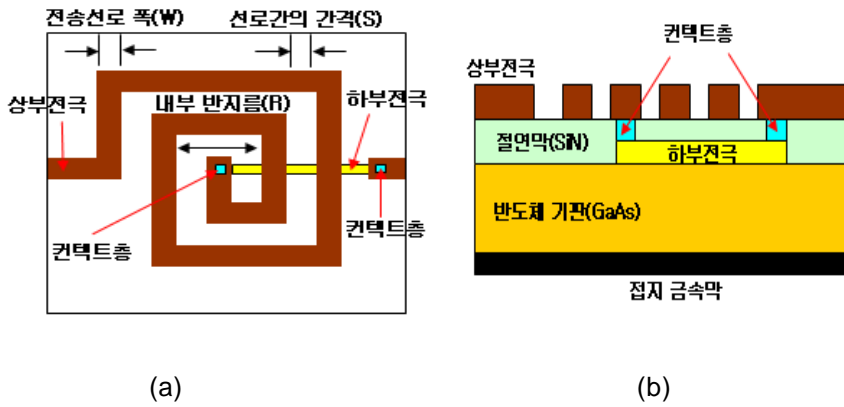
[2-3]. InGaP/GaAs HBT

Figure [2-3]. Layout of InGaP/GaAs HBT

. Spiral inductor

3.1 Spiral inductor 가

10GHz MMIC RLC
 , RF MMIC spiral inductor
 . 3-1(a) MMIC spiral inductor
 , (N), (R),
 (W), (S)
 Spiral inductor 가



[3-1]. Spiral inductor

Figure [3-1]. Structure of spiral inductor

[5]. , 3-1(a)

spiral inductor 3-2 RLC

가 [6-8]. ,

C_s :

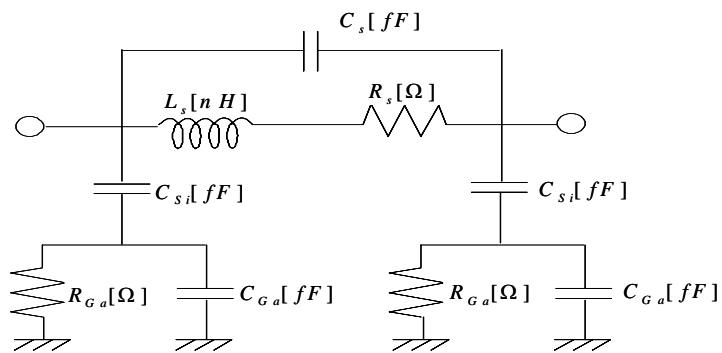
L_s :

R_s : 가

C_{Si} :

C_{Ga} :

R_{Ga} :



[3-2]. Spiral inductor RLC 가

Figure [3-2]. RLC equivalent circuit of spiral inductor

3.2 Spiral inductor

Spiral inductor, SiN, substrate loss.

3.2.1 (R_s)

DC

DC

Q-factor

DC

$$R_{DC} = \frac{l}{t \times W} \quad (3-1)$$

R_{DC} , l , W , t

, via, DC

(skin effect)

가 가 ,
 가 . 가 (skin
 effect) . 가

가 (skin depth) .

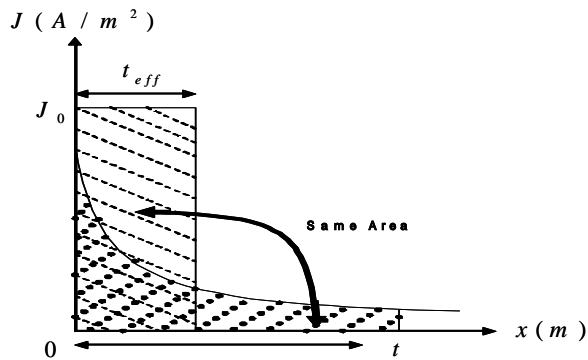
$$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{f\mu}} \quad (3-2)$$

x (J) .

$$J = J_0 \cdot e^{-x/\delta} \quad (3-3)$$

t ($W \gg t$) .

$$I = J_0 \cdot W \cdot (1 - e^{-t/\delta}) \quad (3-4)$$



[3-3].

Figure [3-3]. The relation between effective thickness and current density

(effective thickness) t_{eff}

$$t_{eff} = t \cdot (1 - e^{-x/l}) \quad (3-5)$$

가 t

$$R(f) = \frac{V}{I(f)} = \frac{V}{J(f) \cdot A} = \frac{V}{J_0 \cdot W \cdot t \cdot (1 - e^{-x/l})} \quad (3-6)$$

Spiral inductor

가 가

가 Q-factor . 1GHz (Gu)

2.5 μm 가

가

, 가가 가 Q-factor

[9].

(proximity effect)

가 가 가

[10]. 가

가 ,

가

가 . 가 가

(proximity effect) . 3-4

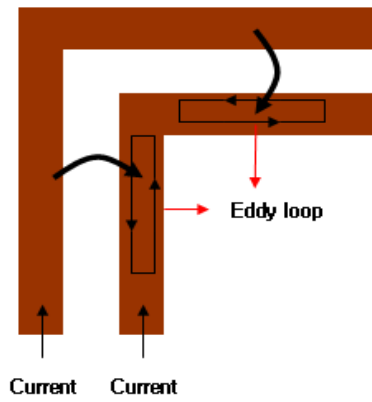
eddy current가 , eddy current

가 가 가 .

가 가

가 , 가

가 .



[3-4].

Figure [3-4]. Current concentration by proximity effect

3.2.2

(C_s)

Spiral inductor

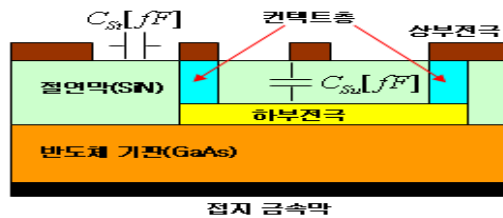
feed-through

$$C_s = \frac{A}{t_{coil-feed}} \quad (3-7)$$

0 s t coil-feed , A , t

가 3-5

가 가



[3-5]. Spiral inductor

Figure [3-5]. Series capacitor of spiral inductor

3.2.3

(C_{Si})

GaAs SiN .
 GaAs , 가
 .
 GaAs .
 가 .
 .

$$C_{Si} = C_{coil-Ga} + C_{feed-Ga} = \frac{0.5 A_{coil-Ga}}{t_{coil-Ga}} + \frac{0.5 A_{feed-Ga}}{t_{feed-Ga}} \quad (3-8)$$

가 가 . GaAs
 가 C_{Si} 가
 . 가 .
 GaAs 가

3.2.4 Substrate loss

Substrate loss GaAs

GaAs

Substrate

GaAs

12.9

가

. GaAs

가

가

. C_{Si}

가

가 가

$$C_{Ga} = 0 \text{ s } \frac{A}{t_{Ga}}$$

(3-9)

가 가

가

가

(A)

가

C_{Si}

가

3.3

(self resonance frequency)

LC
· SRF
가
· spiral inductor ,
1/5 , spiral
inductor 10GHz . 1~5GHz
MMIC spiral inductor가 ,
spiral inductor 가 ,
가 .

3.4 Spiral inductor

Spiral inductor 3-2 RLC , LC

spiral inductor 가 . spiral inductor

, Spiral Inductor (Turn)

3.4.1

Spiral inductor

$$f = \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{L_s C_{si}}} \tag{3-10}$$

L_s

, C_{si}

C_{si}

$$C_{Si} = C_{coil-Ga} + C_{feed-Ga} = \frac{0.5 A_{coil-Ga}}{t_{coil-Ga}} + \frac{0.5 A_{feed-Ga}}{t_{feed-Ga}} \tag{3-11}$$

, 0 , s , A ,
t .

가 가 .

Spiral inductor L_S Bryan [11].

L_S Byran ,

$$L_S = 0.1555 a N^{\frac{5}{3}} \ln[8(a/c)] \quad (3-12)$$

cm , μH . a 4
 , c 2 , N .

, 0.1 *cm*, 0.01 *cm*, 0.01 *cm*,
 가 1 ,

$$a = (0.01 + 0.008)/4 = 0.045 \text{ cm}, \quad c = (0.1 - 0.008)/2 = 0.01 \text{ cm} ,$$

(3-12) ,

$$L_S = (0.1555)(0.045)(1) \ln[8(0.045/0.01)] = 25.076 \text{ nH} \text{ 가 } .$$

spiral inductor (Turn)

spiral inductor spiral

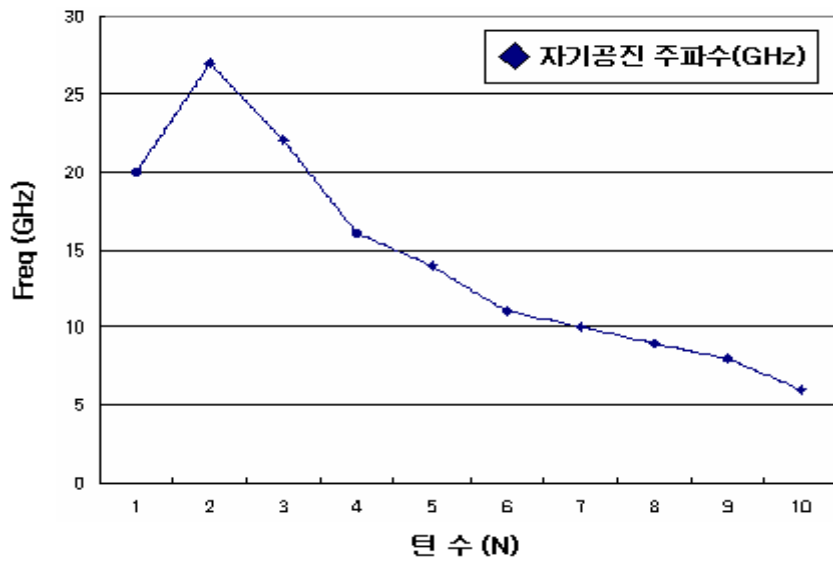
inductor .

$$100 \times 100 \mu m^2 ,$$

0.1 μm , 5 μm , spiral inductor

3-6 spiral inductor

spiral inductor 가 가 가



[3-6]. Spiral inductor

Figure [3-6]. The dependency of self resonance frequency on the number of turns

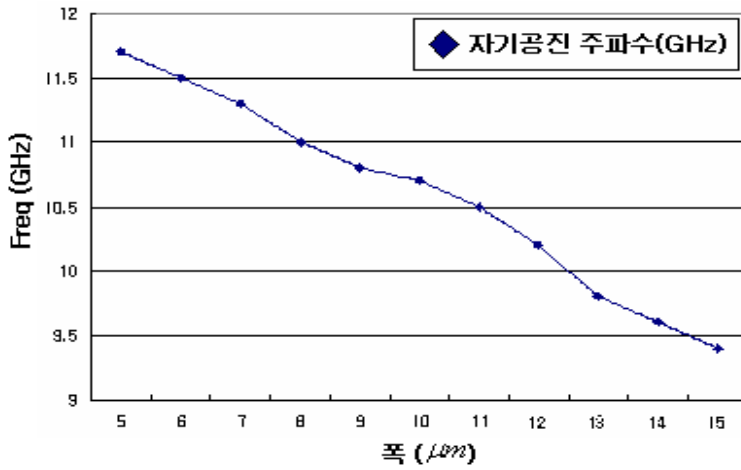
3-7 spiral inductor

spiral inductor 가 가

spiral inductor IF LO

가 11GHz spiral inductor LO 2

가 22GHz spiral inductor



[3-7]. Spiral inductor

Figure [3-7]. The dependency of self resonance frequency on the width of line

3.4.2 LO

Spiral inductor

3-8

IF

LO

가 11GHz spiral inductor

LO

spiral inductor

100×100

μm^2

,

가

6

,

Spiral

5

μm ,

4.4 μm

,

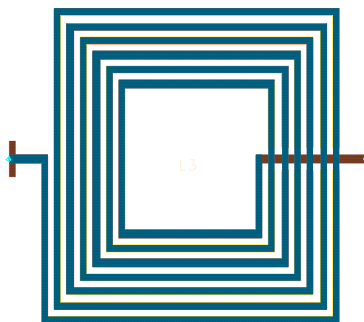
가

0.275×0.22 mm^2

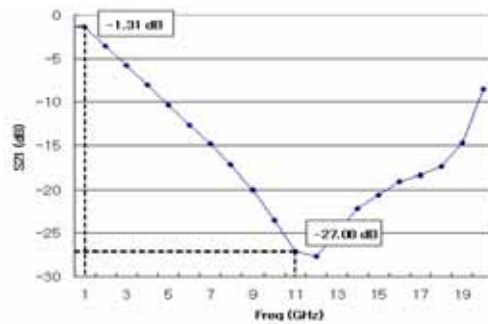
11GHz LPF

가

11GHz



(a) Spiral inductor



(b) S21

[3-8]. LO

spiral inductor(0.275×0.22 mm^2)

Figure [3-8]. Spiral inductor for LO rejection

3-9

LO

2

가 22GHz spiral inductor

LO

2

spiral inductor

$50 \times 50 \mu m^2$, 가 5, Spiral

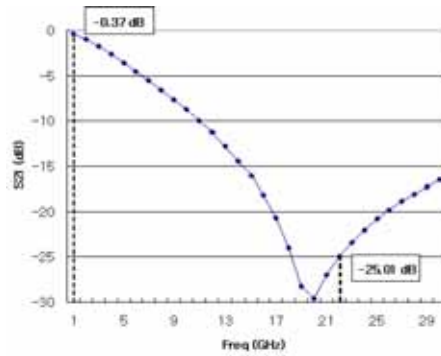
$5 \mu m$,

$4.4 \mu m$,

가

$0.205 \times 0.15 mm^2$

22GHz



(a) Spiral inductor

(b) S21

[3-9]. LO 2 spiral inductor($0.205 \times 0.15 mm^2$)

Figure [3-9]. Spiral inductor for second harmonic LO rejection

. Mixer

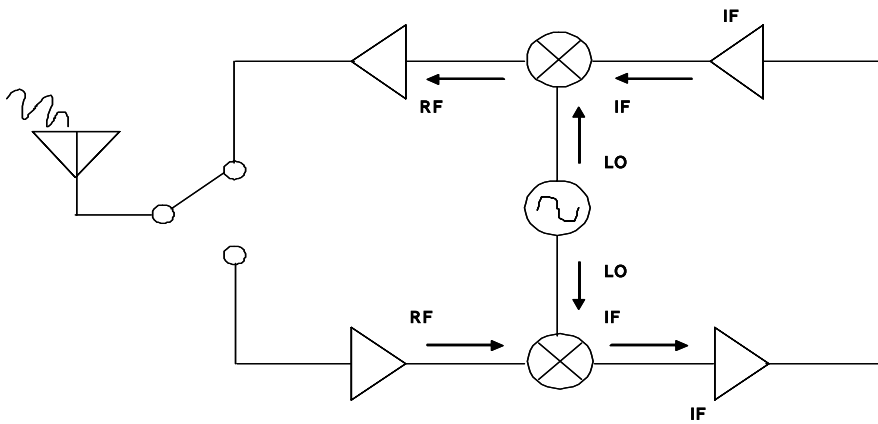
4.1

4-1

RF

LO 가

[12].



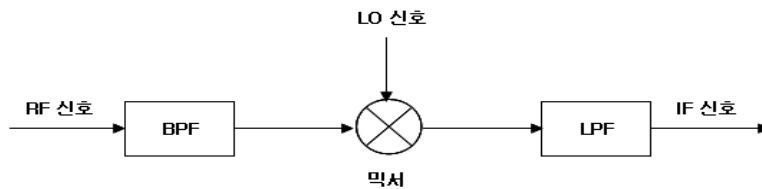
[4-1]. RF

Figure [4-1]. RF block diagram

IMD,

4.2 Downconverter

Downconverter 가 RF LO 가
가 가 IF
(BPF) RF
(LPF) IF
downconverter 4-2



[4-2]. Downconverter

Figure [4-2]. Operation theory of downconverter

,

$$v_{RF} = A \cos(\omega_{RF} t)$$

$$v_{LO} = B \cos(\omega_{LO} t)$$

(4-1)

$$v_{IF} = AB \cos(\omega_{RF} t) \cos(\omega_{LO} t)$$

$$= \frac{AB}{2} [\cos(\omega_{RF} + \omega_{LO})t + \cos(\omega_{RF} - \omega_{LO})t]$$

$$\omega_{RF} - \omega_{LO}$$

(RF down

converter)가 .

. InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter

IF LO one

chip InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band down

converter . ADS(Advanced Design System)

, 12.85 95 μm 가 GaAs, 6.8

0.1 μm 가 SiN , Mixer Power AMP

* InGaP/GaAs HBT (HL_F2×2×20)

. 5-1 RF downconverte MMIC

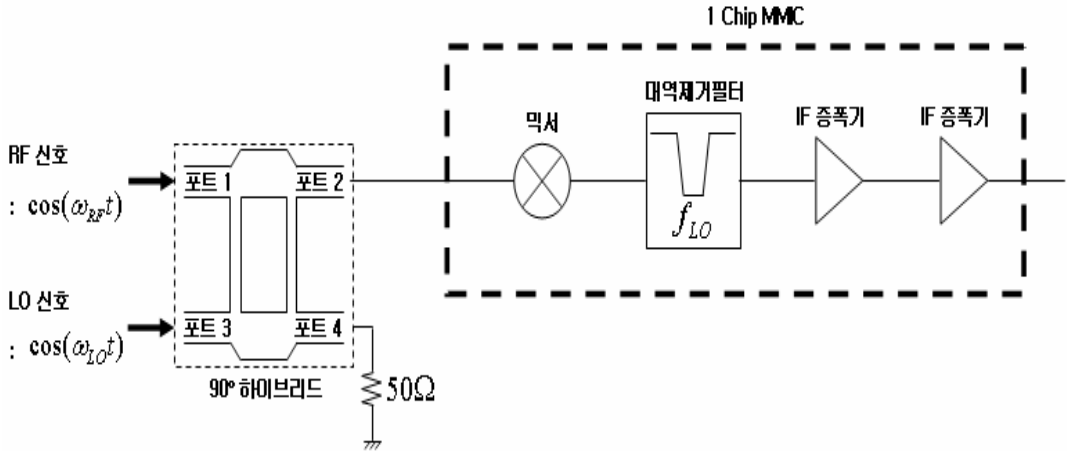
. downconverter MMIC , LO

, IF . RF LO 가

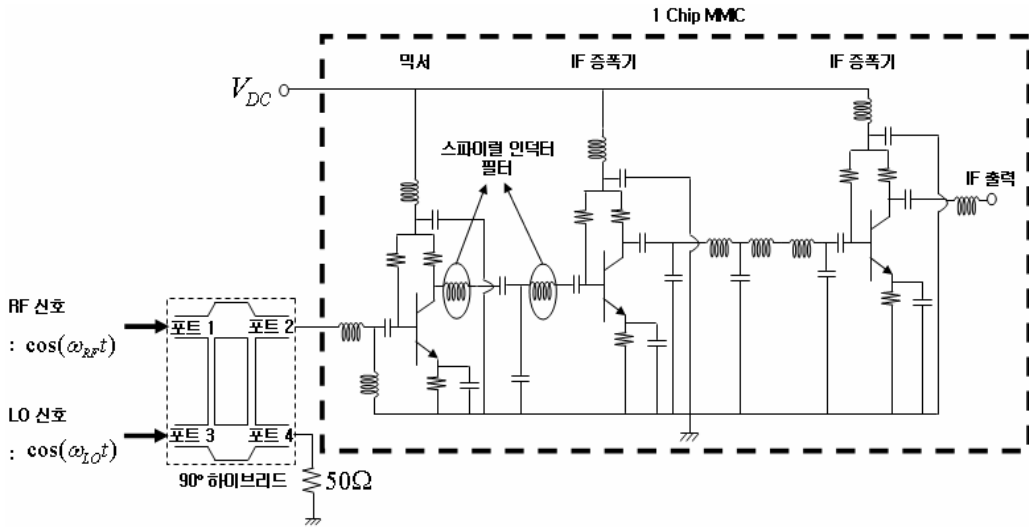
, IF LO spiral

inductor , IF IF 가

[13-14].



(a) Downconverter MMIC



(b) Downconverter MMIC

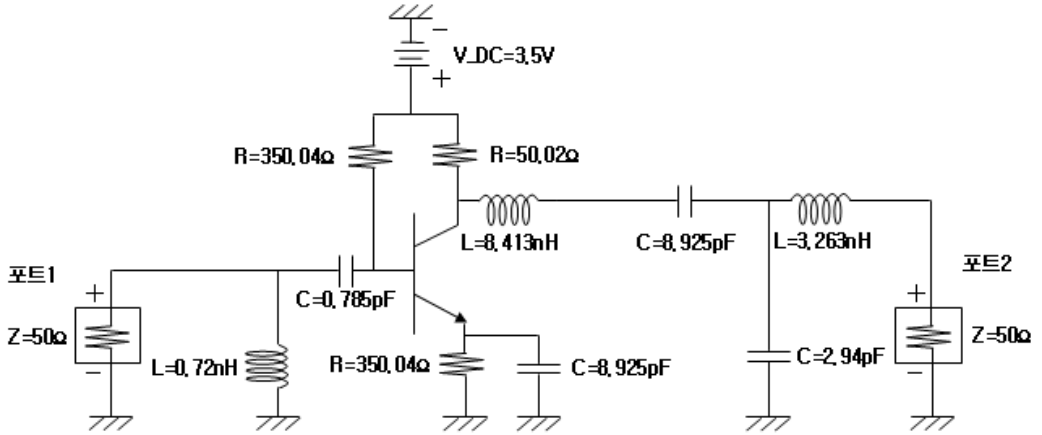
[5-1]. Downconverter MMIC

Figure [5-1]. Block diagram and circuit diagram for downconverter MMIC

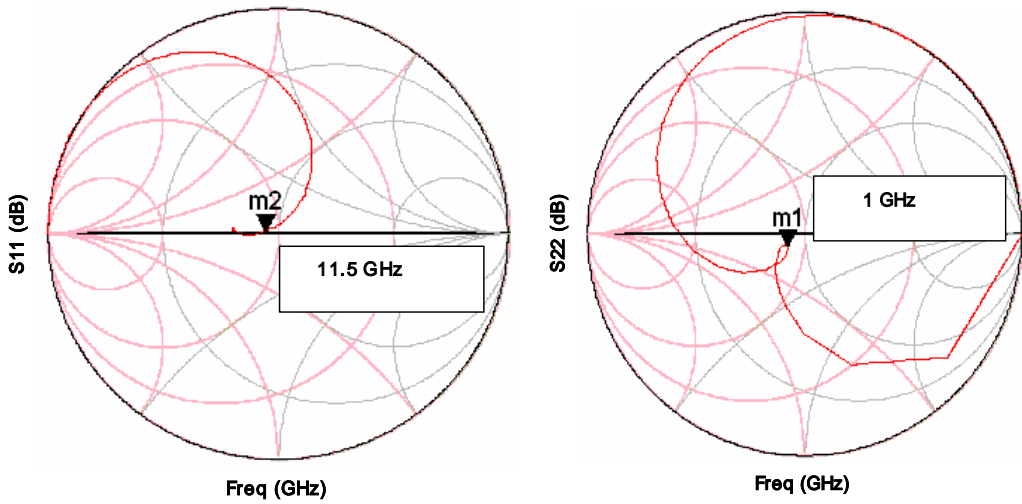
5.1 InGaP/GaAs HBT downconverter mixer

5-2 InGaP/GaAs HBT downconverter mixer

.	ADS(Advanced Design System)	.
	가	
	가 , IF	LO
	6 spiral inductor , LO	2
	5 spiral inductor IF	.
*	spiral inductor MIM capacitor	.



(a) InGaP/GaAs HBT downconverter mixer



(b) InGaP/GaAs HBT downconverter mixer

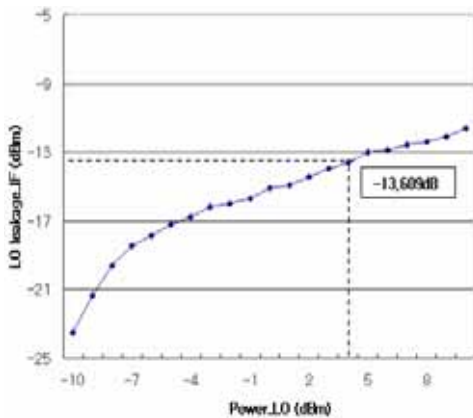
[5-2]. InGaP/GaAs HBT downconverter mixer

Figure [5-2]. Circuit diagram and simulation result for InGaP/GaAs HBT

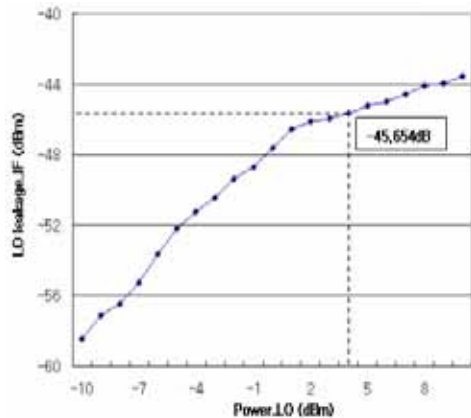
downconverter mixer

5-3 spiral inductor LO

, LO 4dbm 가 IF
 spiral inductor LO -17dBc
 , IF spiral inductor -46dBm LO
 -49dBc , IF
 spiral inductor , IF LO 가
 가 .



(a) spiral inductor



(b) spiral inductor

[5-3]. Downconverter MMIC LO

Figure [5-4]. Measured LO leakage of downconverter MMIC

InGaP/GaAs HBT downconverter mixer

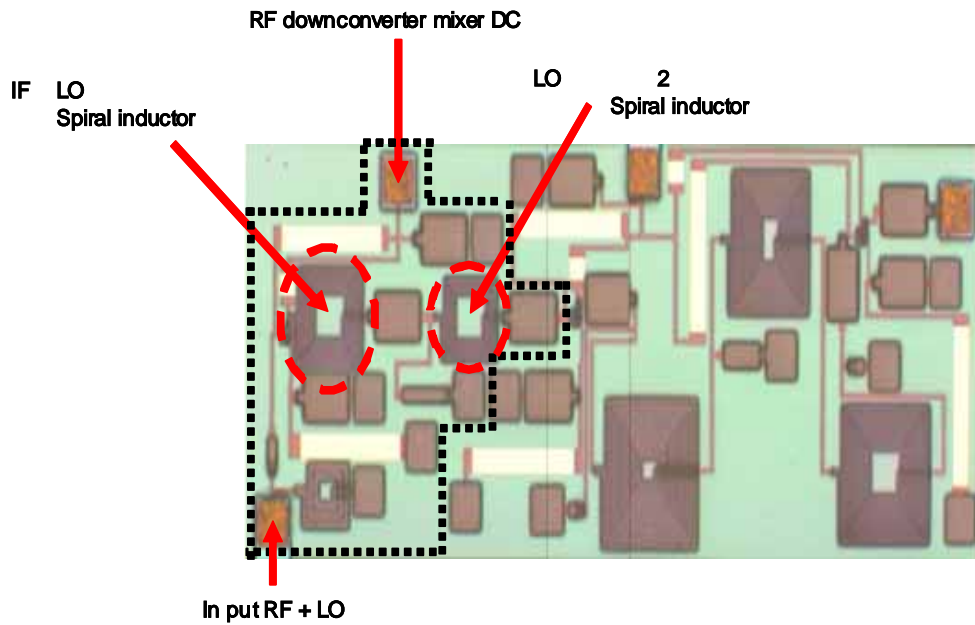
 $1 \times 0.9 \text{ mm}^2$ [5-4]. InGaP/GaAs/ HBT downconverter mixer ($1 \times 0.9 \text{ mm}^2$)

Figure [5-4]. A photograph of InGaP/GaAs/ HBT downconverter mixer

5.2 InGaP/GaAs HBT IF

InGaP/GaAs HBT downconverter IF

InGaP/GaAs HBT IF . 5-5 InGaP/ GaAs HBT IF

ADS (Advanced

Design System) . 1 IF AMP

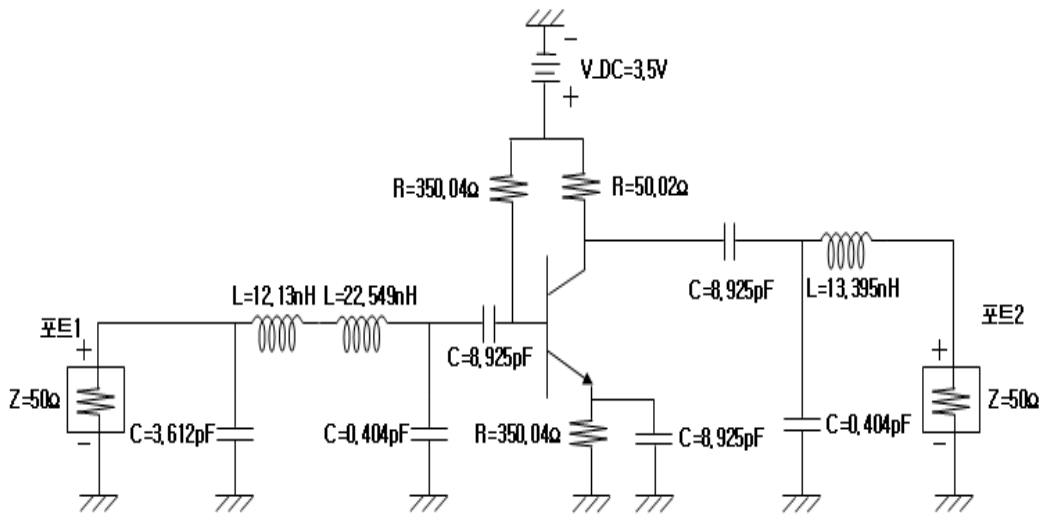
17dB , 가

, * spiral inductor MIM capacitor

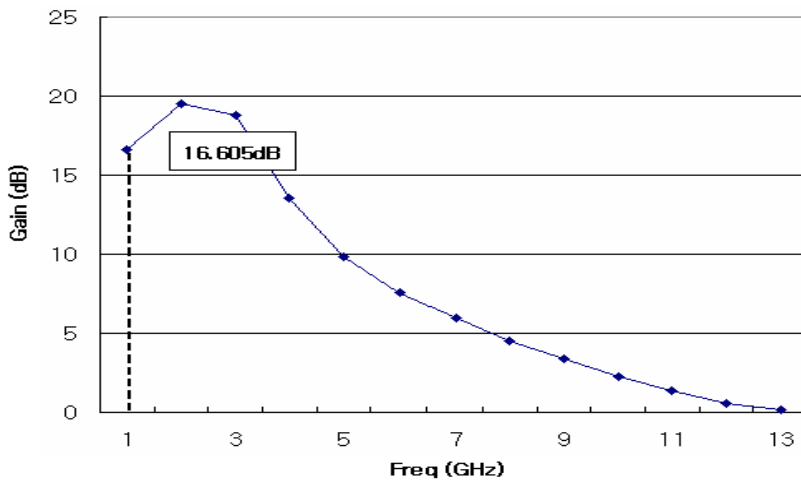
가 .

IF 가 1GHz 가

spiral inductor MIM capacitor .



(a) InGaP/GaAs HBT IF



(b) InGaP/GaAs HBT IF

[5-5]. InGaP/GaAs HBT IF

Figure [5-5]. Circuit diagram for InGaP/GaAs HBT IF AMP

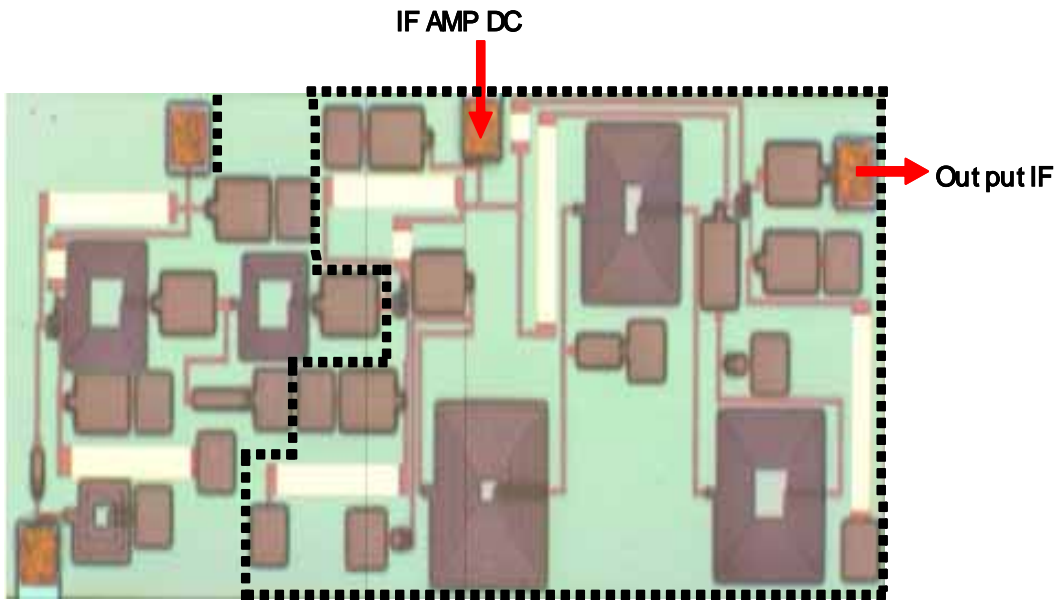
5-6

InGaP/GaAs HBT IF

. InGaP/

GaAs HBT IF

$1.6 \times 0.9 \text{ mm}^2$

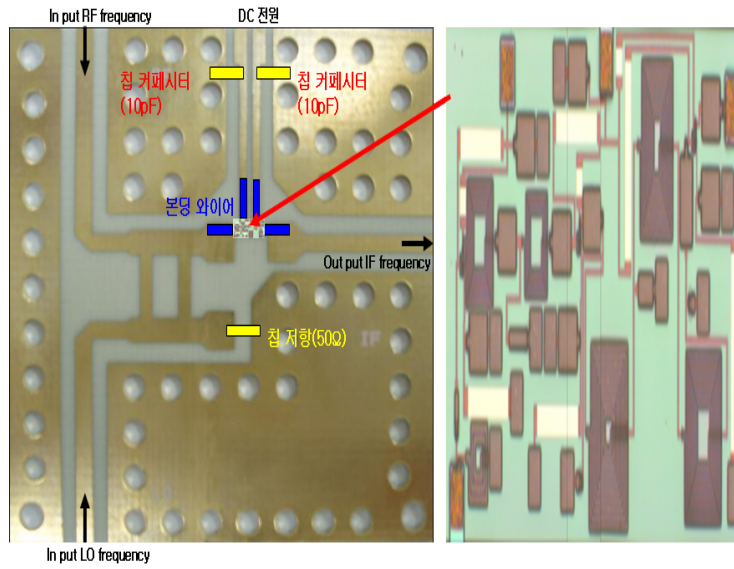


[5-6]. InGaP/GaAs HBT IF

$(1.6 \times 0.9 \text{ mm}^2)$

Figure [5-6]. A photograph of InGaP/GaAs/ HBT IF AMP

InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band down converter
 6-1 InGaP/GaAs HBT
 Ku-band downconverter 2.6×0.9 *mm*²
 11.5GHz , 1 RF
 , 3 LO , 3 IF
 4 50
 InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter
 , DC DC 10pF



[6-1].

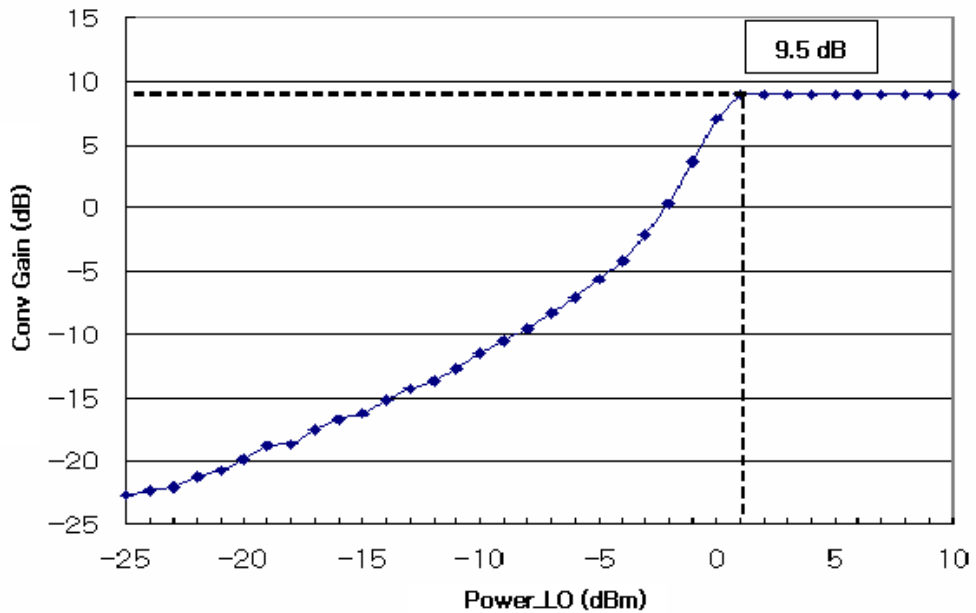
InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter MMIC($2.6 \times 0.9 \text{ mm}^2$)

Figure [6-1]. Downconverter MMIC mounted on teflon substrate for a measurement of RF performances

6.1

6-2 InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter

. , Vdc가 3.5 V , Power_RF -40 dBm, Power_LO 1 dBm 가 9.5 dB .



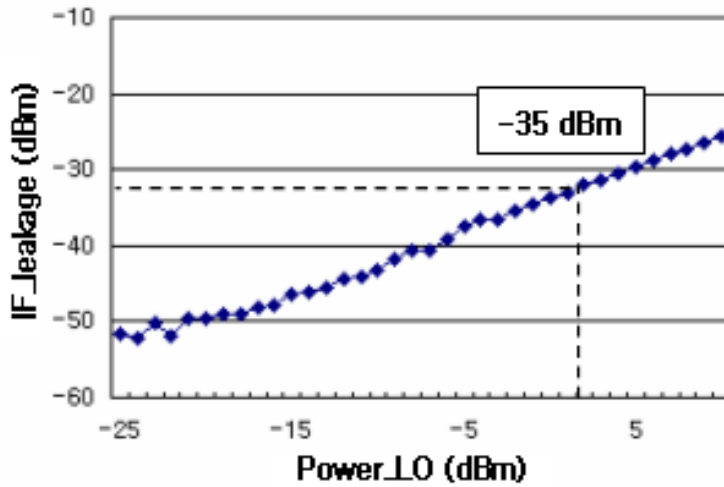
[6-2]. InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter

Figure [6-2]. Conversion gain of the InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter

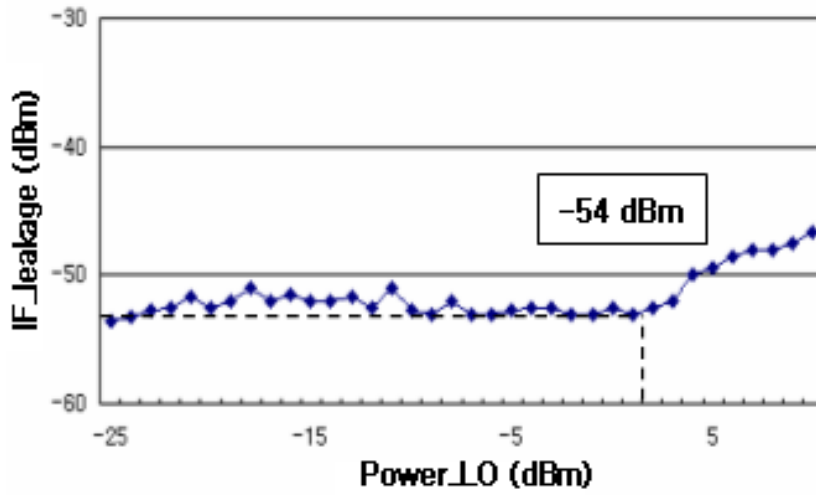
6.2 LO

6-3 InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter LO

. , Vdc가 3.5 V , RF
 -40 dBm, LO 1 dBm 가 , IF LO
 -36 dBc , LO 2
 -55 dBc .



(a) LO



(b) LO 2

[6-3]. InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter

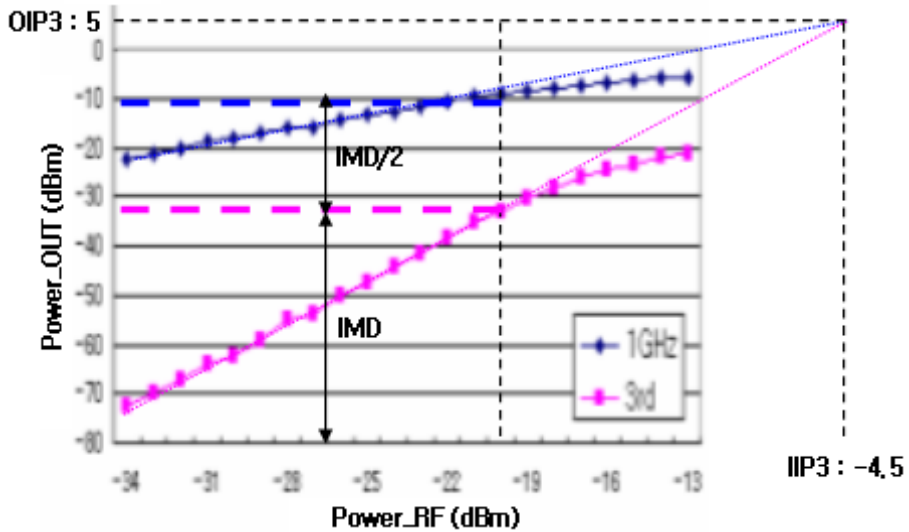
LO

Figure [6-3]. LO rejection characteristic of the InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter

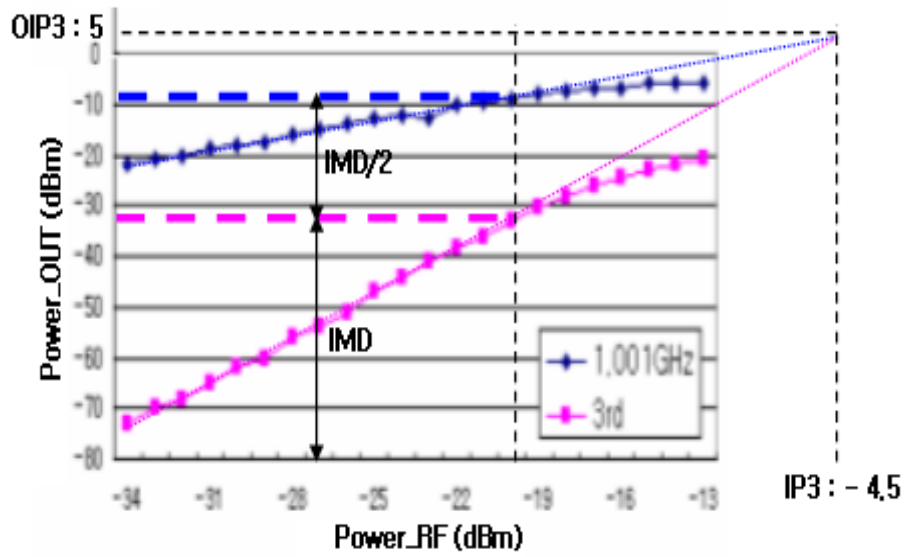
6.3 IP3

6-4 InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter IP3

IP3가 IF
 가 IP3 IF IF_1=1 GHz,
 IF_2=1.001 GHz , IF_1 IP3 ,
 9.5 dBm IIP3(Third order input intercept point) -4.5 dBm
 , OIP3(Third order input intercept point) 5 dBm .
 IF_2 IP3 가 .



(a) IF_1 IP3



(b) IF₂ IP₃

[6-4]. InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter

IP₃

Figure [6-4]. IP₃ of the InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter

InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter, IF
 LO, IF LO 2
 IP3 .

[6-1]. InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter

Table [6-1]. Characteristic of InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter

RF 입력전압	LO 입력전압	V _{DC}	변환이득	LO 누설신호 제거 특성	2차 하모닉 제거 특성	IP3
-40 dBm	1 dBm	3.5 V	9.5 dB	-36 dBc	-55 dBc	-4.5 dBm

▪

가

, 가 가 가 .

MMIC/RFIC

, 가 .

InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter

. LO IF 가

spiral inductor LO

spiral inductor ,

mixer

MESFET HEMT InGaP/GaAs HBT

가 IF one chip . *

InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter Vdc가 3.5

V , RF -40 dBm, LO 1 dBm 가 9.5 dB

, IF LO

-36 dBc , LO 2 -55 dBc

. IP3 IIP3 -4.5 dBm , OIP3 5 dBm

. InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band RF downconverter

$2.6 \times 0.9 \text{ mm}^2$.

InGaP/GaAs HBT Ku-band downconverter

가 IF one chip 가 Ku-band one chip

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