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**Three-dimensional acoustic radiation
from directional cracks in fluid-loaded plate based on
Global Matrix Method**

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Three-dimensional acoustic radiation from directional cracks in fluid-loaded plate based on Global Matrix Method

by

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Abstract.

The formation of crack in elastic media such as fluid-load plate generates elastic waves in a radiation pattern being dependent on the actual fracture process and the stratification of medium. In case of horizontal stratification, this phenomenon can be idealized and mathematically modeled describing the directionality of the acoustic emission produced by compact cracks in such an environment.

The object of the research has been to develop an analytical and numerical model of the elastic wave field in range independent elastic environments for various seismic source mechanisms. The source types being considered are dip slip, strike slip and tensile crack. First, the compact source representations with fault surface in an arbitrary direction will be derived, and incorporated in a numerical model for propagation in stratified elastic media to yield the seismo-acoustic field produced by more complete cracking mechanisms.

The developed model is applied to the acoustic radiation from three directional crack in fluid-load plate. The developed model can be applied to the source inversion problem, i. e. the characterization from acoustic emission with the purpose of obtaining a better understanding of the ocean structure of self noise in fluid-load plate.

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1.

2

가

가

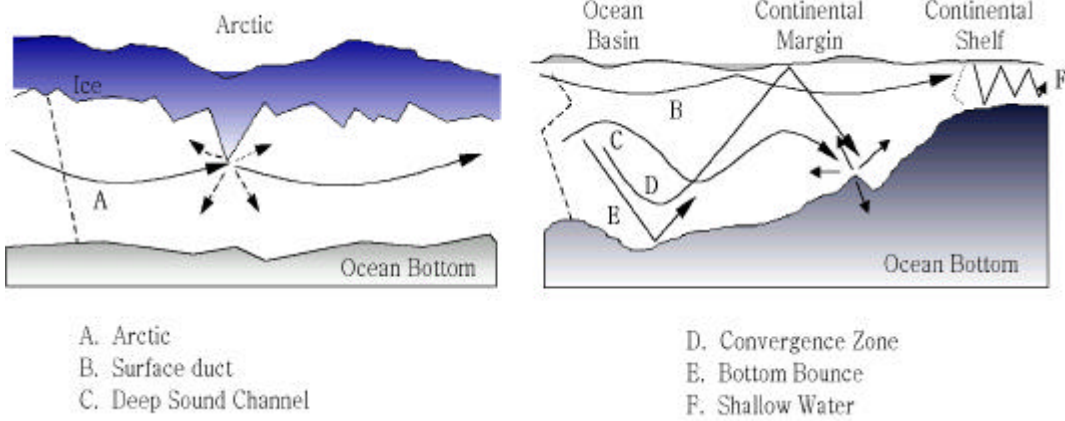
가

(1.1)

가

가

(tomography)



1.1

(plate)

(coated plat)

가

1.1

가

Green

가

Green

(inverse problem)

가

(forward problem)

1.2

가

1.2 .

(1.3)

가 ,

가 .

,

. ,

P SV

4

가

가

(Head wave)

. Modal Method

(Near field)

,

가

(Adiabatic) Modal Method

(Coupling) Modal

Method

가

가 .

(Parabolic Equation)

(Finite Difference Method)

(Finite Element

Method)

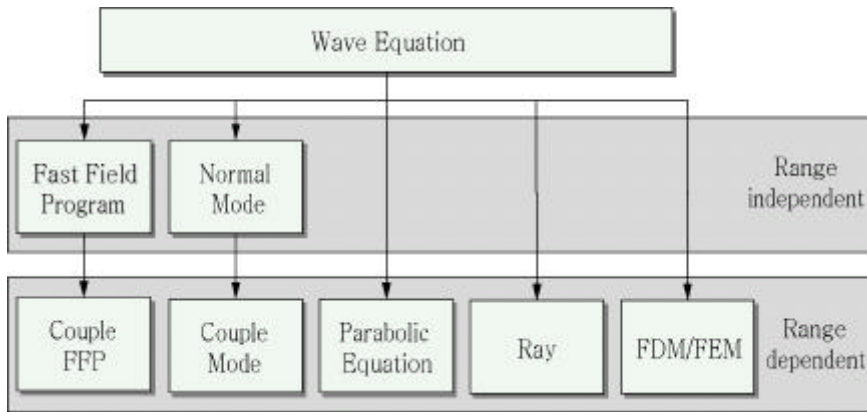
가

2



1.2

, (Convergence), (Instability) 가
 Modal Theory ,
 가 (Viscous Elastic Medium)
 FFP(Fast Field Program) Full Wave
 Solution . 4 , , (r, θ, z, t)
 - Helmholtz
 , Hankel θ
 ,
 Matrix Method) GMM(Global
 Transform) (Inverse
 가 가
 가 ,



1.3

1.3

Fast Field Programs

Green (Green's function)
 (horizontal wavenumber)

Marsh(1961) Hankel Bessel
 DiNapoli가 FFP Thomson-
 Hanskell
 Kutschale Harrison
 , Schmit
 Point force, ,

Green's

가

Keilis-Borok's

Burridge Knopeff

Green

3 Fast Field Program

Fourier

x y

r

Fourier 가

Fourier Hankel

z

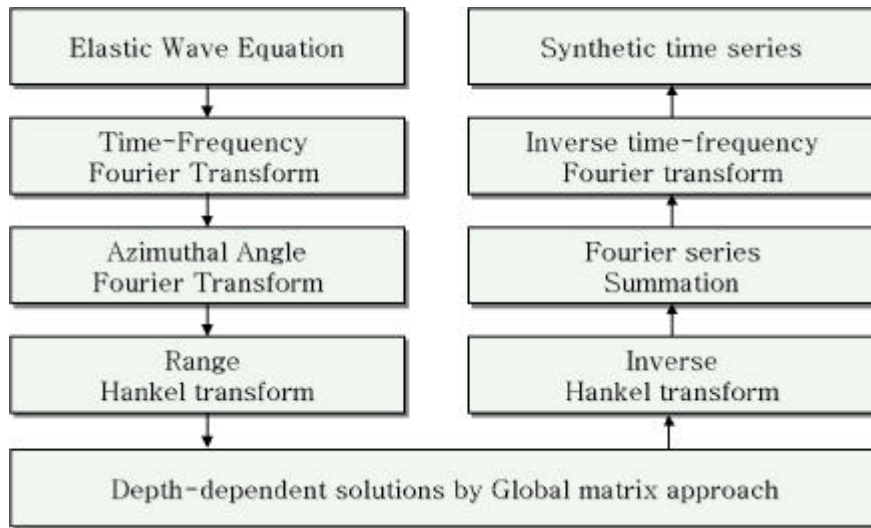
Fourier

Hankel

Fourier

Fourier

Fourier (1.3)



1.4 FFP Overview

1.4

6 . 1 FFP

2

3 , Dip-slip, strike-slip, tensile-crack

3

Green

2

4

, 가
, 3가

2.

Keilis-Borok's

dip-slip, strike-slip, tensile-crack

가

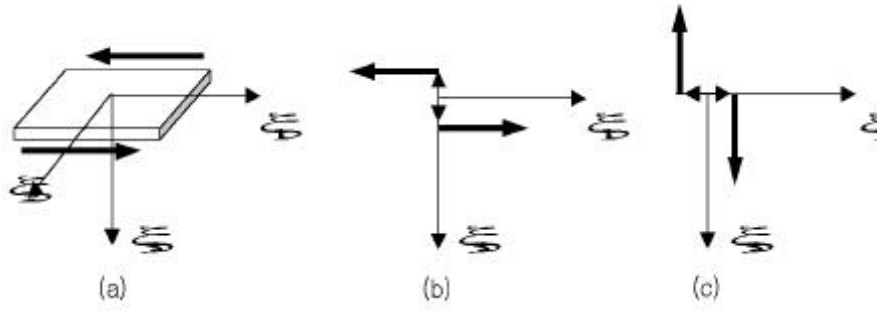
, Burridge and Knopoff

가

f [u], [T(u, n)]

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_n(x,t) = & \int_V d \int \int \int_V f_p(\eta, \eta) G_{np}(x, t - \tau, \eta, 0) dV(\eta) \\
 & + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} d\tau \int_{\Sigma} \{ u_i(\xi, \tau) c_{ijpq} n_j G_{np,q}(x, t - \tau, \xi, 0) \} \\
 & - [T_p(u(\xi, \tau), n)] G_{np,q}(x, t - \tau, \xi, 0) d\Sigma(\xi)
 \end{aligned} \tag{2.1}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \xi_q} G_{np}(x, t - \tau, \xi, 0) = - \int \int \int_V \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_q} \delta(\eta - \xi) G_{np}(x, t - \tau, \eta, 0) dV(\eta) \tag{2.2}$$



2.1 Green

(2.1)

$$u_n(x, t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} d\tau \int \int \int_V f_p^{[u]}(\eta, \tau) G_{np}(x, t - \tau, \eta, 0) dV(\eta) \quad (2.3)$$

[u]

$$f_p^{[u]}(\eta, \tau) = - \int_{\Sigma} [u_i(\zeta, \tau)] c_{ijpq} n_j \frac{\zeta_i - \eta_i}{\eta_p} d\Sigma \quad (2.4)$$

(2.1)

(2.4)

(2.1)

(2.1)

(2.4)

$$\begin{aligned} f_1(\eta, \tau) &= - M_0 \delta(\eta_1) \delta(\eta_2) \frac{1}{\eta_3} X_0(\tau) \\ f_2(\eta, \tau) &= 0 \\ f_3(\eta, \tau) &= - M_0 \frac{1}{\eta_1} \delta(\eta_1) \delta(\eta_2) X_0(\tau) \end{aligned} \quad (2.5)$$

M_0

$$M_0 = \mu \bar{u} A = \mu \times \text{average slip} \times \text{fault area} \quad (2.6)$$

(2.2) (2.3) ,

$$u_n(x, t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{\Sigma} \mu[u_{11}] \left\{ \frac{G_{n1}}{\zeta_3} + \frac{G_{n3}}{\zeta_1} \right\} d\Sigma \quad (2.7)$$

(2.7) 가 (2.1) (b),(c) ϵ 가 0 가

2.1

Homogeneous Medium

$$\mu \nabla^2 \mathbf{u} + (\lambda + \mu) \nabla (\nabla \cdot \mathbf{u}) + \rho \mathbf{F} = \rho \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{u}}{\partial t^2} \quad (2.8)$$

$$(\lambda + 2\mu) \nabla (\nabla \cdot \mathbf{u}) - \mu \nabla \times \nabla \times \mathbf{u} + \rho \mathbf{F} = \rho \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{u}}{\partial t^2} \quad (2.9)$$

Divergence Curl

$$c_c^2 \nabla^2 \nabla \cdot \mathbf{u} + \nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} = \rho \frac{\partial^2 \nabla \cdot \mathbf{u}}{\partial t^2} \quad (2.10)$$

$$c_s^2 \nabla^2 \nabla \times \mathbf{u} + \nabla \times \mathbf{F} = \rho \frac{\partial^2 \nabla \times \mathbf{u}}{\partial t^2} \quad (2.11)$$

$$c_c = \sqrt{\frac{(\lambda + 2\mu)}{\rho}}, \quad c_s = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\rho}}, \quad ,$$

$$\mathbf{F} = (X, Y, Z) = \nabla \Phi + \nabla \times (L, M, N) \quad (2.12)$$

$$\mathbf{u} = (u, v, w) = \nabla \Phi + \mathbf{x} \times (F, G, H) \quad (2.13)$$

$$\begin{aligned} c_c^2 \nabla^2 \phi + \Delta \Phi &= -\frac{\partial^2 \phi}{t^2} \\ c_c^2 \nabla^2 F + \Delta L &= -\frac{\partial^2 F}{t^2} \\ c_c^2 \nabla^2 G + \Delta M &= -\frac{\partial^2 G}{t^2} \\ c_c^2 \nabla^2 H + \Delta N &= -\frac{\partial^2 H}{t^2} \end{aligned} \quad (2.14)$$

(2.14)

$$\begin{aligned} \phi &= \frac{1}{4\pi c_c^2} \iiint \frac{1}{r} \Phi \left(t - \frac{r}{c_c} \right) dx_1' dx_2' dx_3' \\ F &= \frac{1}{4\pi c_s^2} \iiint \frac{1}{r} L' \left(t - \frac{r}{c_s} \right) dx_1' dx_2' dx_3' \\ G &= \frac{1}{4\pi c_s^2} \iiint \frac{1}{r} M' \left(t - \frac{r}{c_s} \right) dx_1' dx_2' dx_3' \\ H &= \frac{1}{4\pi c_s^2} \iiint \frac{1}{r} N' \left(t - \frac{r}{c_s} \right) dx_1' dx_2' dx_3' \end{aligned} \quad (2.15)$$

Φ, L, M, N

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi &= \frac{1}{4\pi} \iiint \left(X' \frac{r^{-1}}{x_1} + Y' \frac{r^{-1}}{x_2} + Z' \frac{r^{-1}}{x_3} \right) dx_1' dx_2' dx_3' \\ L &= \frac{1}{4\pi} \iiint \left(Z' \frac{r^{-1}}{x_2} - Y' \frac{r^{-1}}{x_3} \right) dx_1' dx_2' dx_3' \\ M &= \frac{1}{4\pi} \iiint \left(X' \frac{r^{-1}}{x_3} - Z' \frac{r^{-1}}{x_1} \right) dx_1' dx_2' dx_3' \\ H &= \frac{1}{4\pi} \iiint \left(Y' \frac{r^{-1}}{x_1} - X' \frac{r^{-1}}{x_2} \right) dx_1' dx_2' dx_3' \end{aligned} \quad (2.16)$$

$$t \quad , \quad r = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_1')^2 + (x_2 - x_2')^2 + (x_3 - x_3')^2} \quad (2.15)$$

(2.16)

X' 가

$$X_0(t - r/c_c) \quad \text{가} \quad (2.16)$$

(2.15)

[Aki]

2.2

Keilis-Borok(1950)

Sato[29]

$$\phi_0 = \frac{1}{r} F\left(t - \frac{r}{c_c}\right), \quad \psi_0 = \frac{1}{r} F\left(t - \frac{r}{c_s}\right) \quad (2.17)$$

$$F(t) = \int_0^t ds' \int_0^{s'} X_0(s) ds \quad (2.18)$$

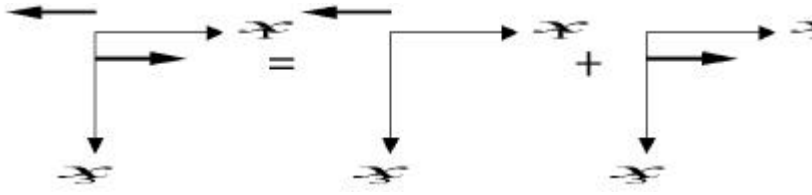
$X_0(t)$

$$(2.2) \quad x_1 \quad F = X_0 \delta(t) \quad \text{가}$$

(2.16)

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi &= \frac{1}{4\pi} \int \int \int \left(X' - \frac{r^{-1}}{x_1} \right) dx_1' dx_2' dx_3' \\ L &= 0 \\ M &= \frac{1}{4\pi} \int \int \int \left(X' - \frac{r^{-1}}{x_3} \right) dx_1' dx_2' dx_3' \\ H &= - \frac{1}{4\pi} \int \int \int \left(X' - \frac{r^{-1}}{x_2} \right) dx_1' dx_2' dx_3' \end{aligned} \quad (2.19)$$

$$X_0(t) \quad X' = X_0 \delta(x') \quad ,$$



2.2

$$\rho \iiint X' dx_1' dx_2' dx_3' = X_0(t) \quad (2.20)$$

(2.19) ,

$$\Phi = - \frac{X_0}{4\pi\rho} \frac{r^{-1}}{x_1}, L = 0, M = \frac{X_0}{4\pi\rho} \frac{r^{-1}}{x_3}, N = - \frac{X_0}{4\pi\rho} \frac{r^{-1}}{x_2} \quad (2.21)$$

(2.21) (2.15)

$$\begin{aligned} \phi(r, t) &= - \frac{1}{(4\pi c_c)^2 \rho} \iiint \frac{1}{r} X_0' \left(t - \frac{r}{c_c} \right) \frac{r^{-1}}{x_1} dx_1' dx_2' dx_3' \\ F(r, t) &= 0 \\ G(r, t) &= \frac{1}{(4\pi c_c)^2 \rho} \iiint \frac{1}{r} X_0' \left(t - \frac{r}{c_s} \right) \frac{r^{-1}}{x_1} dx_1' dx_2' dx_3' \\ H(r, t) &= - \frac{1}{(4\pi c_c)^2 \rho} \iiint \frac{1}{r} X_0' \left(t - \frac{r}{c_s} \right) \frac{r^{-1}}{x_1} dx_1' dx_2' dx_3' \end{aligned} \quad (2.22)$$

, (2.22) (2.17),(2.18) 가

$$\Phi = \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_1}, L = 0, M = - \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_3}, N = \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_2} \quad (2.23)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{u} &= \Phi + \mathbf{x}(F, G, H) \\ &= \Phi + \mathbf{x} \times \mathbf{x}(\phi_1, \phi_2, \phi_3) \end{aligned} \quad (2.24)$$

$$\phi = \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \phi_0, \quad \psi_1 = -\frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \phi_0, \quad \psi_2 = 0, \quad \psi_3 = 0 \quad (2.25)$$

$$3 \quad (2) \quad 9$$

$$(1.1) \quad \phi = -\frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0^2}{x_1^2}, \quad \psi_1 = \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_1}, \quad \psi_2 = 0, \quad \psi_3 = 0 \quad (2.26)$$

$$(1.2) \quad \phi = -\frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0^2}{x_1 x_2}, \quad \psi_1 = \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_2}, \quad \psi_2 = 0, \quad \psi_3 = 0 \quad (2.27)$$

$$(1.3) \quad \phi = -\frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0^2}{x_1 x_3}, \quad \psi_1 = \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_3}, \quad \psi_2 = 0, \quad \psi_3 = 0 \quad (2.28)$$

$$(2.1) \quad \phi = -\frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0^2}{x_1 x_2}, \quad \psi_1 = 0, \quad \psi_2 = \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_1}, \quad \psi_3 = 0 \quad (2.29)$$

$$(2.2) \quad \phi = -\frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0^2}{x_2^2}, \quad \psi_1 = 0, \quad \psi_2 = \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_2}, \quad \psi_3 = 0 \quad (2.30)$$

$$(2.3) \quad \phi = -\frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0^2}{x_2 x_3}, \quad \psi_1 = 0, \quad \psi_2 = \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_3}, \quad \psi_3 = 0 \quad (2.31)$$

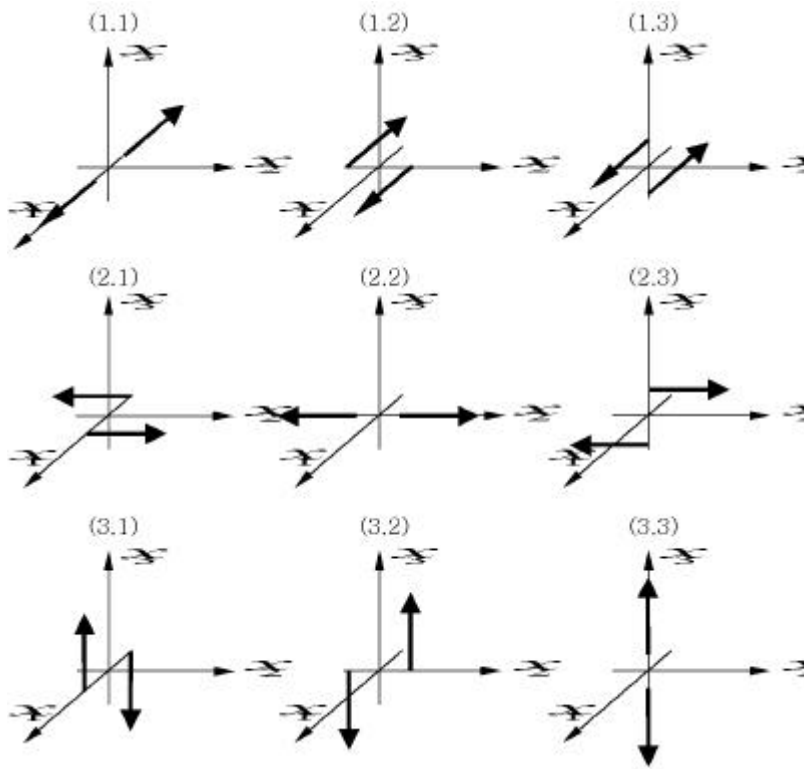
$$(3.1) \quad \phi = -\frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0^2}{x_1 x_3}, \quad \psi_1 = 0, \quad \psi_2 = 0, \quad \psi_3 = \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_1} \quad (2.32)$$

$$(3.2) \quad \phi = -\frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0^2}{x_2 x_3}, \quad \psi_1 = 0, \quad \psi_2 = 0, \quad \psi_3 = \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_2} \quad (2.33)$$

$$(3.3) \quad \phi = -\frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0^2}{x_3^2}, \quad \psi_1 = 0, \quad \psi_2 = 0, \quad \psi_3 = \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_3} \quad (2.34)$$

Tensile- crack,

Dip- slip, Strike- slip



2.3 9

2.3

(2.5) Dip- angle 0 strike- slip

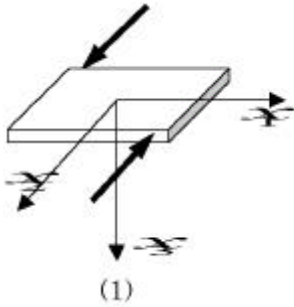
$$\mathbf{u} = \nabla \phi + \nabla \times \nabla \times (\phi_1, \phi_2, \phi_3) \quad (2.35)$$

$$\phi = -\frac{1}{2\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_1 x_3}, \psi_1 = \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_3}, \psi_2 = 0, \psi_3 = \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_1} \quad (2.36)$$

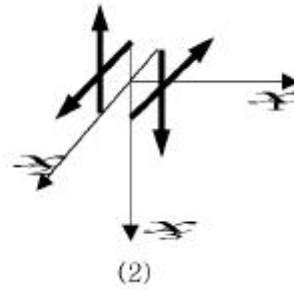
2.4

2.4.1 Dip-slip.

(2.4) dip-angle 0 dip-slip (2.4)
 (2.3), (3.2) .



2.4 Dip angle 0



Dip slip (1)

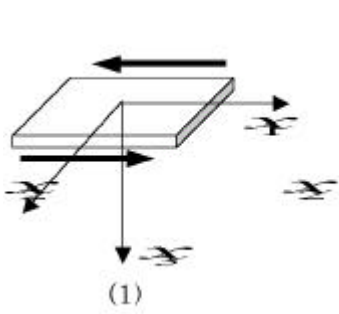
(2)

$$\phi = -\frac{1}{2\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_1 x_3}, \psi_1 = 0, \psi_2 = -\frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_3}, \psi_3 = -\frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_2} \quad (2.37)$$

Keilis-Borok's

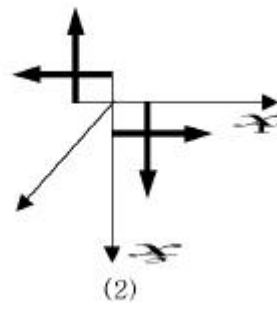
가 (3.2)

[Aki,1,pp 117-118]

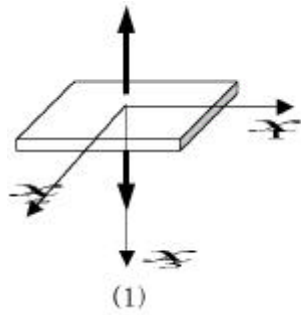


2.5 Dip angle 0

Strike slip (1)

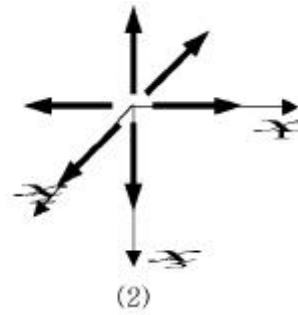


(2)



2.6 Dip angle 0

Tensile crack (1)



(2)

2.4.2 Strike- slip.

dip- angle=0 strike slip

(1,3), (3,1)

$$\phi = -\frac{1}{2\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_1 x_3}, \quad \psi_1 = \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_3}, \quad \psi_2 = 0, \quad \psi_3 = \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_1} \quad (2.38)$$

2.4.3 Tensile- crack.

tensile crack (2.4) 가

(1,1), (2,2), (3,3) , dip angle 0 z

$$(3,3) \quad -\frac{\lambda+2\mu}{\lambda} M_0 \quad \text{가} \quad , \quad M_0$$

가 tensile crack .

$$\begin{aligned} \phi &= -\frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_1^2} \Big|_{M=M_0} - \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_2^2} \Big|_{M=M_0} - \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_3^2} \Big|_{M=-\frac{\lambda+2\mu}{\lambda} M_0} , \\ \psi_1 &= \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_1} \Big|_{M=M_0} , \\ \psi_2 &= \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_2} \Big|_{M=M_0} , \\ \psi_3 &= \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x_3} \Big|_{M=-\frac{\lambda+2\mu}{\lambda} M_0} \end{aligned} \quad (2.39)$$

3.

3.1

3

z

{r, θ, z}

$$\mathbf{u}_n = \{u_n, v_n, w_n\},$$

$$\mathbf{u} = \nabla \phi + \nabla \times \nabla \times (0, 0, \Lambda) + \nabla \times (0, 0, \psi) \quad (3.1)$$

μ_n Lamé constants, 3

$$u_n = \frac{\phi_n}{r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\phi_n}{\theta} + \frac{\Lambda_n}{r z} \quad (3.2)$$

$$v_n = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\phi_n}{\theta} - \frac{\phi_n}{r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\Lambda_n}{\theta z} \quad (3.3)$$

$$w_n = \frac{\phi_n}{z} - \left(\frac{1}{r} \frac{\phi_n}{r} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\Lambda_n}{\theta^2} \right) \Lambda_n \quad (3.4)$$

, (3.1)

$$(\nabla^2 + h^2)\phi = 0 \quad (3.5)$$

$$(\nabla^2 + k^2)(\Lambda, \psi) = 0 \quad (3.6)$$

가

가 , (r, θ, z)
 φ, λ, ψ Fourier m φ^m, λ^m, ψ^m .

$$\begin{aligned} \phi(r, \phi, z) &= \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \phi^m(r, z) \begin{bmatrix} \cos m \theta \\ \sin m \theta \end{bmatrix} \\ \Lambda(r, \phi, z) &= \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \Lambda^m(r, z) \begin{bmatrix} \cos m \theta \\ \sin m \theta \end{bmatrix} \\ \psi(r, \phi, z) &= \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \psi^m(r, z) \begin{bmatrix} \sin m \theta \\ -\cos m \theta \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (3.7)$$

(3.4) (3.1)

$$\begin{aligned} w(r, \phi, z) &= \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} w^m(r, z) \begin{bmatrix} \cos m \theta \\ \sin m \theta \end{bmatrix} \\ u(r, \phi, z) &= \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} u^m(r, z) \begin{bmatrix} \cos m \theta \\ \sin m \theta \end{bmatrix} \\ v(r, \phi, z) &= \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} v^m(r, z) \begin{bmatrix} \cos m \theta \\ \sin m \theta \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (3.8)$$

Hankel Transform

$$\begin{aligned} \phi^m(r, z) &= \int_0^{\infty} [a_1^m(s) e^{-z\alpha(s)} + a_2^m(s) e^{z\alpha(s)}] s J_m(rs) ds \\ \Lambda^m(r, z) &= \int_0^{\infty} [b_1^m(s) e^{-z\beta(s)} + b_2^m(s) e^{z\beta(s)}] J_m(rs) ds \\ \psi^m(r, z) &= \int_0^{\infty} [c_1^m(s) e^{-z\beta(s)} + c_2^m(s) e^{z\beta(s)}] s J_m(rs) ds \end{aligned} \quad (3.9)$$

(3.1) , (3.8)

$$w^m(r, z) = \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} -a_1^m(s)\alpha(s)e^{-z\alpha(s)} + a_2^m(s)\alpha(s)e^{z\alpha(s)} \\ b_1^m(s)se^{-z\beta(s)} + b_2^m(s)se^{z\beta(s)} \end{array} \right] sJ_m(rs) ds \quad (3.10)$$

$$u^m(r, z) \pm v^m(r, z) = \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} \mp a_1^m(s)se^{-z\alpha(s)} \mp a_2^m(s)se^{z\alpha(s)} \\ \pm b_1^m(s)\beta(s)e^{-z\beta(s)} \mp b_2^m(s)\beta(s)e^{z\beta(s)} \\ + c_1^m(s)se^{-z\beta(s)} + c_2^m(s)se^{z\beta(s)} \end{array} \right] sJ_{m\pm 1}(rs) ds$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{zz}^m(r, z) &= \lambda \nabla^2 \phi^m(r, z) + 2\mu \frac{w^m(r, z)}{z} \\ &= \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} a_1^m(s)(2s^2 - k^2)e^{-z\alpha(s)} + a_2^m(s)(2s^2 - k^2)e^{z\alpha(s)} \\ - b_1^m(s)2s\beta(s)e^{-z\beta(s)} + b_2^m(s)2s\beta(s)e^{z\beta(s)} \end{array} \right] sJ_m(rs) ds \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{rz}^m(r, z) \pm \sigma_{\theta z}^m(r, z) &= \mu \left[\frac{1}{z} [u^m(r, z) \pm v^m(r, z)] + \left(\frac{1}{z} \mp \frac{m}{r} \right) w^m(r, z) \right] \\ &= \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} \pm a_1^m(s)2s\alpha(s)e^{-z\alpha(s)} \mp a_2^m(s)2s\alpha(s)e^{z\alpha(s)} \\ \pm b_1^m(s)(2s^2 - k^2)e^{-z\beta(s)} \mp b_2^m(s)(2s^2 - k^2)e^{z\beta(s)} \\ - c_1^m(s)s\beta(s)e^{-z\beta(s)} + c_2^m(s)s\beta(s)e^{z\beta(s)} \end{array} \right] sJ_{m\pm 1}(rs) ds \end{aligned}$$

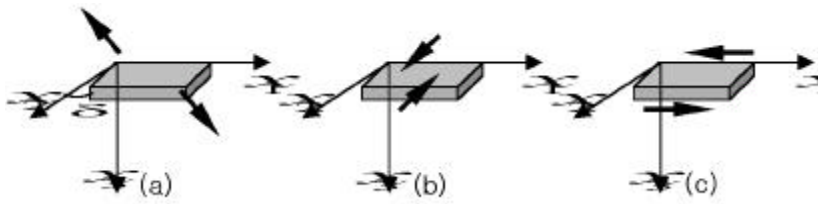
, 3 6

6 , 6

$$a_1^m(s), a_2^m(s), b_1^m(s), b_2^m(s), c_1^m(s), c_2^m(s) \quad (3.11)$$

가 bessel 가

3.2



3.1 dip angle

,(a) Tensile-crack, (b) dip-slip, (c) strike-slip

3.2.1 Strike- slip

(2.38)

dip- angle 가 strike- slip

$$(x_1, x_2, x_3) \quad (3.1)$$

, (x, y, z)

dip- angle 가 strike- slip

$$\begin{aligned} \phi &= -\frac{1}{2\pi\rho} \frac{\phi_0}{x} \left(-\sin\delta \frac{\phi_0}{y} + \cos\delta \frac{\phi_0}{z} \right) \\ \psi_x &= \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \left(-\sin\delta \frac{\phi_0}{y} + \cos\delta \frac{\phi_0}{z} \right) \psi_0 \\ \psi_y &= -\frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \sin\delta \frac{\phi_0}{x} \\ \psi_z &= \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \cos\delta \frac{\phi_0}{x} \end{aligned} \quad (3.12)$$

$$\begin{aligned} u_x &= u_r \cos\theta - u_\theta \sin\theta \\ u_y &= u_r \sin\theta + u_\theta \cos\theta \\ u_z &= u_z \end{aligned} \quad (3.13)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{x} &= \left(\cos \theta \frac{1}{r} - \frac{\sin \theta}{r} \frac{1}{z} \right) \\ \frac{1}{y} &= \left(\sin \theta \frac{1}{r} + \frac{\cos \theta}{r} \frac{1}{z} \right) \\ \frac{1}{z} &= \frac{1}{z} \end{aligned} \tag{3.14}$$

$$(3.13) \quad (3.14) \tag{3.12}$$

$$\mathbf{u} = \nabla \phi + \nabla \times \nabla \times (\psi_r, \psi_\theta, \psi_z) \tag{3.15}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \phi &= \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \left[\sin \delta \sin 2\theta \left(\frac{1}{2} r - \frac{1}{r} \frac{1}{z} \right) - 2 \cos \delta \cos \theta \frac{1}{r} \frac{1}{z} \right] \phi_0 \\ \psi_x &= \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \left[-\sin \delta \sin 2\theta \frac{1}{r} + \cos \delta \cos \theta \frac{1}{z} \right] \phi_0 \\ \psi_y &= -\frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \left[\sin \delta \cos 2\theta + 2 \cos \delta \sin \theta \frac{1}{z} \right] \phi_0 \\ \psi_z &= \frac{1}{4\pi\rho} \cos \delta \cos \theta \frac{\phi_0}{x} \end{aligned} \tag{3.16}$$

$\phi_0 \quad \psi_0$ Sommerfeld- Weyl integral[16]

$$\begin{aligned} \phi_0 &= -\frac{M_0}{2} \frac{1}{R} e^{i(t-R/c_e)} = -\frac{M_0}{2} \frac{1}{R} e^{i t} \int_0^\infty J_0(sr) e^{\alpha|z-z_s|} \frac{s}{\alpha} ds \\ \psi_0 &= -\frac{M_0}{2} \frac{1}{R} e^{i t} \int_0^\infty J_0(sr) e^{\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{s}{\beta} ds \\ \frac{e^{-ihR}}{R} &= \int_0^\infty J_0(sr) e^{-\alpha|z|} \frac{s}{\alpha} ds \quad [34, \text{pp } 13] \end{aligned} \tag{3.17}$$

$$\alpha = (h^2 - s^2)^{1/2} \text{ for } s^2 > \text{Re}(h^2), j(h^2 - s^2)^{1/2} \text{ for } s^2 < \text{Re}(h^2) \quad \text{가}$$

$$h \quad , R \quad \sqrt{r^2 + z^2} \quad . \quad (3.17) \quad (3.16)$$

dip- angle strike- slip

$$\phi = - \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} \sin \delta \sin 2\theta s^2 J_2(sr) \\ - 2 \cos \delta \cos \theta \zeta s \alpha J_1(sr) \end{array} \right] e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \frac{k}{\alpha} ds$$

$$\phi_r = - \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} \sin \delta \sin 2\theta s J_1(sr) \\ - \cos \delta \cos \theta \zeta \beta J_0(sr) \end{array} \right] e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{s}{\beta} ds \quad (3.18)$$

$$\phi_\theta = - \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} \sin \delta \sin 2\theta s J_1(sr) \\ + \cos \delta \cos \theta \zeta \beta J_0(sr) \end{array} \right] e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{s}{\beta} ds$$

$$\phi_z = \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \cos \delta \cos \theta s J_1(sr) e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{s}{\beta} ds$$

ϕ, Λ, ψ ,

$\phi, \phi_r, \phi_\theta, \phi_z$,

ϕ, Λ, ψ .

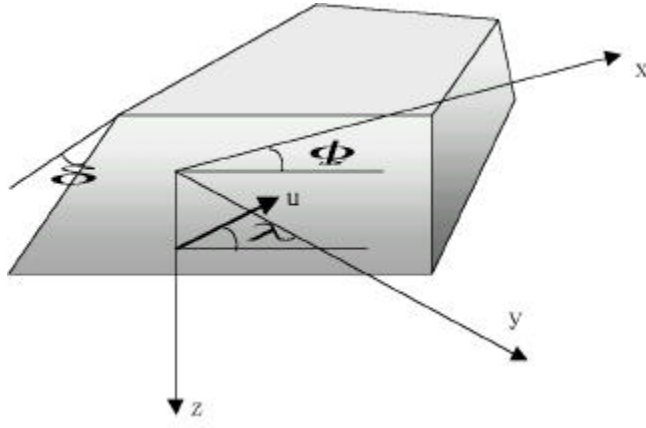
$$\phi = - \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} \sin \delta \sin 2\theta s^2 J_2(sr) \\ - 2 \cos \delta \cos \theta \zeta s \alpha J_1(sr) \end{array} \right] e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \frac{s}{\alpha} ds$$

$$\Lambda = \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} \cos \delta \cos \theta k \frac{2s^2 - k^2}{k} J_1(kr) \\ - \sin \delta \cos 2\theta \zeta \beta J_2(kr) \end{array} \right] e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{s}{\beta} ds \quad (3.19)$$

$$\phi = \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} \cos \delta \sin \theta \zeta \beta \frac{k^2}{s} J_1(sr) \\ + \sin \delta \cos 2\theta s^2 J_2(sr) \end{array} \right] e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{s}{\beta} ds$$

(3.18) (3.19)

[] .



3.2

3.2.2 Dip- slip

Dip- slip

$$\begin{aligned}
 \phi &= \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \begin{bmatrix} -0.5 \sin 2\delta (2\alpha^2 + s^2) J_0(sr) \\ -2 \cos 2\delta \zeta s \alpha \sin \theta J_1(sr) \\ -0.5 \sin 2\delta s^2 \cos 2\theta J_2(sr) \end{bmatrix} e^{-\alpha|z-z_s| \frac{s}{\alpha}} ds \\
 \psi_r &= \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \begin{bmatrix} \sin 2\delta \sin \theta s J_1(sr) \\ -\cos 2\delta \zeta \beta J_0(sr) \end{bmatrix} e^{-\beta|z-z_s| \frac{s}{\beta}} ds \\
 \psi_\theta &= -\frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \begin{bmatrix} \sin 2\delta \sin \theta s J_1(sr) \\ -\cos 2\delta \zeta \beta J_0(sr) \end{bmatrix} e^{-\beta|z-z_s| \frac{s}{\beta}} ds \\
 \psi_z &= \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \begin{bmatrix} \sin 2\delta s \sin \theta J_1(sr) \\ \sin 2\delta \zeta s J_1(sr) \end{bmatrix} e^{-\beta|z-z_s| \frac{s}{\beta}} ds
 \end{aligned} \tag{3.20}$$

ϕ, Λ, ψ

$$\phi = \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \begin{bmatrix} -0.5 \sin 2\delta (2\alpha^2 + s^2) J_0(sr) \\ -2 \cos 2\delta \zeta k \alpha \sin \theta J_1(sr) \\ -0.5 \sin 2\delta s^2 \cos 2\theta J_2(sr) \end{bmatrix} e^{-\alpha|z-z_s| \frac{s}{\alpha}} ds$$

$$A = \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \begin{bmatrix} -1.5 \sin 2\delta\zeta\beta J_0(sr) \\ -\cos 2\delta\frac{2s^2-k^2}{k} \sin \theta J_1(sr) \\ -0.5 \sin 2\delta\zeta\beta \cos 2\theta J_2(sr) \end{bmatrix} e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{s}{\beta} ds \quad (3.21)$$

$$\psi = \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \begin{bmatrix} +\cos 2\delta\zeta\frac{s^2\beta}{s} \cos \theta J_1(sr) \\ -0.5 \sin 2\delta s^2 \sin 2\theta J_2(sr) \end{bmatrix} e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{s}{\beta} ds$$

3.2 , Strike-slip () 0

Dip-angle 90 . () $\cos \lambda$

$\sin \lambda$ strike-slip dip-slip .

Strike angle θ $\theta - \phi_s$,

Tensile-crack .

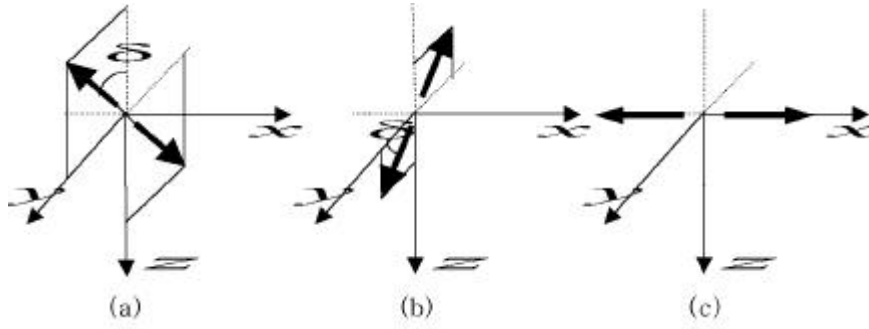
3.2.3 Tensile-crack

3.1 tensile-crack ,

(3.3) (a)

, dip angle
+90 , dip-angle 90 90
. tensile-crack .

$$\begin{aligned} \phi &= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \phi'_{k}(r, \theta, z : \delta_k, M_k) \\ \psi_r &= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \psi'_{r,k}(r, \theta, z : \delta_k, M_k) \\ \psi_\theta &= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \psi'_{\theta,k}(r, \theta, z : \delta_k, M_k) \\ \psi_z &= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \psi'_{z,k}(r, \theta, z : \delta_k, M_k) \end{aligned} \quad (3.22)$$



3.3 dip- angle strike- angle $\phi_s=0$ Tensile- crack

. (a) $M_0=1$ (1.1), (b) $M_0=1$ (2.2), (c)

$$M_0 = \frac{\lambda + 2\mu}{\lambda} \quad (3.3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \phi'_{k,k} &= - \frac{M_k e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho w^2} \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{aligned} & - 0.25(k^2 - 2\alpha^2) + 0.25 \cos 2\delta_k (k^2 + 2\alpha^2)] J_0(kr) \\ & - \sin 2\delta_k \sin \theta \zeta \alpha k J_1(kr) \\ & - 0.25(1 - \cos 2\delta_k) \cos 2\theta k^2 J_2(kr) \end{aligned} \right] e^{-\alpha|z-z_1| \frac{k}{\alpha}} dk \\ \psi'_{r,k} &= - \frac{M_k e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho w^2} \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{aligned} & - 0.5 \sin 2\delta_k \sin \theta \zeta \beta J_0(kr) \\ & [0.25(1 - \cos 2\delta_k) - 0.25(1 - \cos 2\delta_k) \cos 2\theta k] J_0(kr) \end{aligned} \right] e^{-\beta|z-z_1| \frac{k}{\beta}} dk \\ \psi'_{\theta,k} &= - \frac{M_k e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho w^2} \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{aligned} & - 0.5 \sin 2\delta_k \cos \theta \zeta \beta J_0(kr) \\ & 0.25(1 - \cos 2\delta_k) \cos 2\theta k J_0(kr) \end{aligned} \right] e^{-\beta|z-z_1| \frac{k}{\beta}} dk \quad (3.23) \\ \psi'_{z,k} &= - \frac{M_k e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho w^2} \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{aligned} & - 0.5(1 + \cos 2\delta_k) \zeta \beta J_0(kr) \\ & - 0.5 \sin 2\delta_k \sin \theta k J_0(kr) \end{aligned} \right] e^{-\beta|z-z_1| \frac{k}{\beta}} dk \end{aligned}$$

3.4

w σ_{zz} 가

$$\sigma_{zz} = 0$$

가 w , σ_{zz} , σ_{rz} 0
 w, u , σ_{zz}, σ_{rz}

| Type | Field Parameter | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|-------|----|------|----|
| | w | u ± v | zz | rz ± | tz |
| fluid/vacuum | - | - | 0 | - | - |
| fluid/fluid | = | - | = | - | - |
| fluid/solid | = | - | = | 0 | 0 |
| solid/vacuum | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| solid/solid | = | = | = | = | = |

Symbols used : =, continuous ; 0, vanishing ; -, not involved
 1.

3.5 Attenuation

가 가

(volume attenuation)

가 x- 가

$$F(x, t) = A e^{i(\omega t - k_m x)} \quad (3.24)$$

k_m , A

(Amplitude) k_m , x

가 . (viscoelastic attenuation) k_m
 가 .

$$\tilde{k}_m = k_m (1 - i\delta), \quad \delta > 0 \quad (3.25)$$

(3.25) (3.24) .

$$F(x, t) = A e^{i(t - k_m x + ik_m \delta x)} = A e^{-k_m \delta x} e^{i(t - k_m x)} \quad (3.26)$$

가

가

가

가

(mean wavefield)

(perturbational approach) ,

(in dB/A) .

$$\gamma = -20 \log \left| \frac{F(x+A, t)}{F(x, t)} \right| = -20 \log [e^{-\delta k_m A}] = 40 \pi \delta \log e \quad (3.27)$$

$$\delta = \frac{\gamma}{40 \pi \log e} \quad (3.28)$$

A .

4

4.1 Global Matrix Method

Global Matrix . . . Fourier order m

$$F^m(k, z) = \begin{bmatrix} w^m(k, z) \\ u^m(k, z) + v^m(k, z) \\ u^m(k, z) - v^m(k, z) \\ \sigma_{zz}^m(k, z) \\ \sigma_{rz}^m(k, z) + \sigma_{\theta z}^m(k, z) \\ \sigma_{rz}^m(k, z) - \sigma_{\theta z}^m(k, z) \end{bmatrix} \quad (4.1)$$

layer(n) layer(n+1) n

$$F_n^m(k, z_n) + \hat{F}_n^m(k, z_n) - F_{n+1}^m(k, 0) - \hat{F}_{n+1}^m(k, 0) = 0 \quad (4.2)$$

n the layer number z_n layer(n) . . . “ ”

. . .
n , n
n+1 ,
n+1 .
가 ,

$$A_{n,l} B_n^m - A_{n+1,u} B_{n+1}^m = R_{n+1,u}^m - R_{n,l}^m \quad (4.3)$$

A solid medium (4.4)

(variable matrix) (4.5) Hankel

$B_1^m, B_2^m, C_1^m, C_2^m$ zero

$$A_{n,u} = \begin{bmatrix} -\alpha & k & 0 & \alpha & k & 0 \\ -k & \beta & k & -k & -\beta & k \\ k & -\beta & k & k & \beta & k \\ (2k^2 - k_m^2)\mu & -2k\beta\mu & 0 & (2k^2 - k_m^2)\mu & 2k\beta\mu & 0 \\ 2s\alpha\mu & -(2k^2 - k_m^2)\mu - k\beta\mu & -k\beta\mu & -2k\alpha\mu & -(2k^2 - k_m^2)\mu & k\beta\mu \\ -2s\alpha\mu & (2k^2 - k_m^2)\mu - k\beta\mu & -k\beta\mu & 2k\alpha\mu & (2k^2 - k_m^2)\mu & k\beta\mu \end{bmatrix} \quad (4.4)$$

$$A_{n,u} = \begin{bmatrix} -\alpha & 0 & 0 & \alpha & 0 & 0 \\ -k & 0 & 0 & -k & 0 & 0 \\ k & 0 & 0 & k & 0 & 0 \\ -\rho w^2 & 0 & 0 & -\rho w^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (4.5)$$

$$A_{n,t}(k) = A_{n,u}(k) I_n(k) \quad (4.6)$$

$$I_n(k) = \text{diag} \{ e^{-\alpha z}, e^{-\beta z}, e^{-\beta z}, e^{\alpha z}, e^{\beta z}, e^{\beta z} \} \quad \text{potential}$$

$$B_n^m(k)$$

$$B_n^m(k) = \{ A_{1,n}^m, B_{1,n}^m, C_{1,n}^m, A_{2,n}^m, B_{2,n}^m, C_{2,n}^m \}^T \quad (4.7)$$

A

m ,

R , 0

m 가
 $m=0$
 , force, $m=1$ 5
 , local matrix source term
 global matrix가

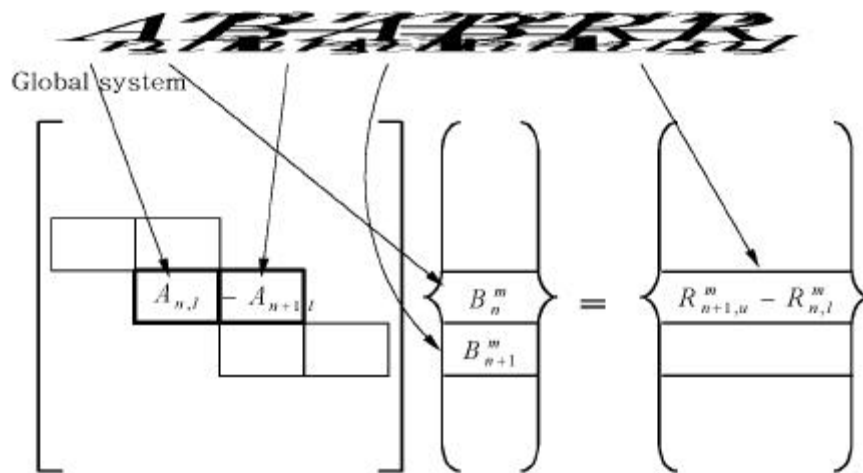
4.2

Global Matrix , z_r , m

Hankel

$$\begin{aligned}
 H_n^m(s, z_r) &= F_n^m(s, z_r) + \hat{F}_n^m(s, z_r) \\
 &= A_n(s) B_n^m(s, z_r) + R_n^m(s, z_r)
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{4.8}$$

Local system



4.1

Global Matrix Method

F 6 , 3 3 (stress)

H 6 . ,

(4.8) A B ,

R .

Hankel transform ,

$$\begin{aligned}
 H_n^m(r, z_r) &= \int_0^\infty H_n^m(s, z_r) s J_m(r, s) ds \\
 &= \int_0^\infty \{A_n(s) B_n^m(s, z_r) + R_n^m(s, z_r)\} s J_m(r, s) ds
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{4.9}$$

H s r 가 ,

m , (narrow band signal)

(wide band signal)

4.3

2 Helmholtz 1

$k(r, z)$ 가 1

Green (Green's function)

(horizontal wavenumber)

Hankel

$$G(r, z) = \int_0^\infty g(k, z) J_m(kr) k dk \tag{4.10}$$

, Hankel Bessel

$$J_m(kr) = \frac{1}{2}(H_m^{(1)}(kr) + H_m^{(2)}(kr)) \quad (4.11)$$

, $H_m^{(1)}(kr)$ / incoming wave
(standing wave)

$H_m^{(2)}(kr)$.

$$\lim_{kr \rightarrow \infty} H_m^{(2)}(kr) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi kr}} e^{-i\left(kr - \left(m + \frac{1}{2}\right)\frac{1}{2}\pi\right)} \quad (4.12)$$

Hankel ,

$$G(r, z) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2\pi r}} e^{i\left(m + \frac{1}{2}\right)\frac{1}{2}\pi} \int_0^{\infty} g(k, z) \sqrt{k} e^{-irk} dk \quad (4.13)$$

(quadrature schemes) ,

$$k_l = k_{\min} + l\Delta k, \quad l = 0, 1, \dots, (M - 1) \quad (4.14)$$

M . r 가

Fourier 'Fast Field'

FFP . , r

$$r_j = r_{\min} + j\Delta r, \quad j = 0, 1, \dots, (M-1) \quad (4.15)$$

Δr

$$\Delta r \Delta k = \frac{2\pi}{M} \quad (4.16)$$

$M \geq 2$ (integral power of 2)

$$G(r_j, z) \approx \frac{\Delta k}{\sqrt{2\pi r_j}} e^{-i\left(k_{\min} r_j - \left(m + \frac{1}{2}\right)\frac{1}{2}\pi\right)} \sum_{l=0}^{M-1} [g(k_l, z) e^{-i r_{\min} l \Delta k \sqrt{k_l}}] e^{-i\left(\frac{2\pi l j}{M}\right)} \quad (4.17)$$

FFT

M

FFT

kernel pole

branch point

[36] (4.17)

$G(r, z)$

$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} G(r, nR, z)$

$(R = \frac{2\pi}{\Delta k})$, $R = M\Delta r$

r_{\min}

가

$[0, r_{\min}]$

가

$r_{\min} > 0$

$[R, r_{\min} + R]$

가

r_{\min}

$R = M\Delta r$

가 (4.2)

(5m) 가

(3m)

$k_{\min} = 6.28 \times 10^{-5} m^{-1}, k_{\max} = 1.5 \times 10 m^{-1}$ $M = 2048$
 $\Delta k_r = 0.071 m^{-1}$ FFT 0.89 km

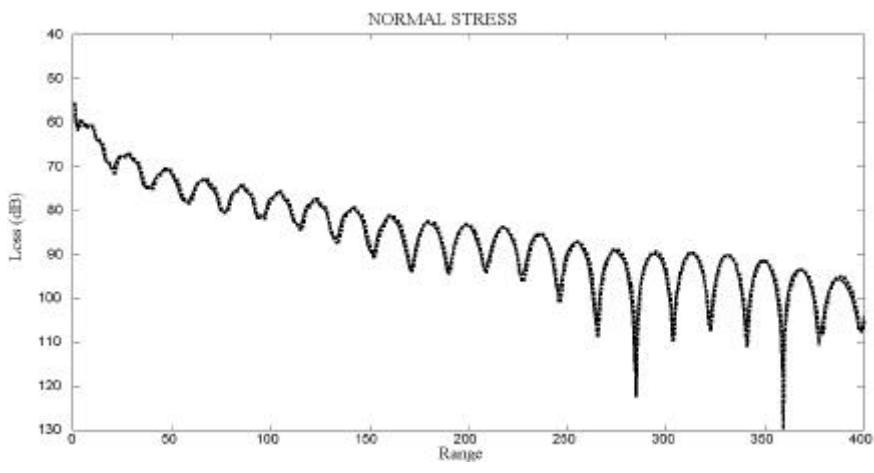
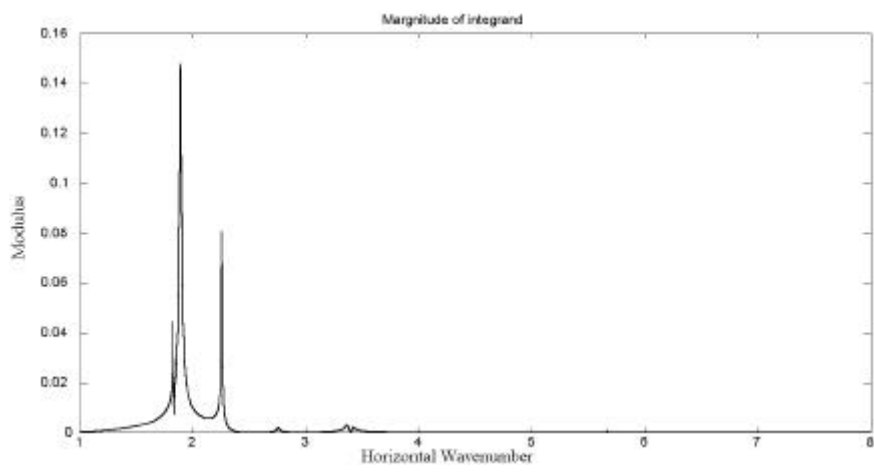
가 가 3dB

가

$r_{\min} + R$

R

가



4.2 (a) Green (b)

: $\Delta k_r = 0.071 m^{-1}$

(4.17)

(4.3)

, kernel

. Cauchy's

, (4.17)

$$G(r, z) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2\pi r}} e^{i\left(\frac{m+1}{2}\right)\frac{1}{2}\pi} \int_C g(k, z) \sqrt{k} e^{-irk} dk \quad (4.18)$$

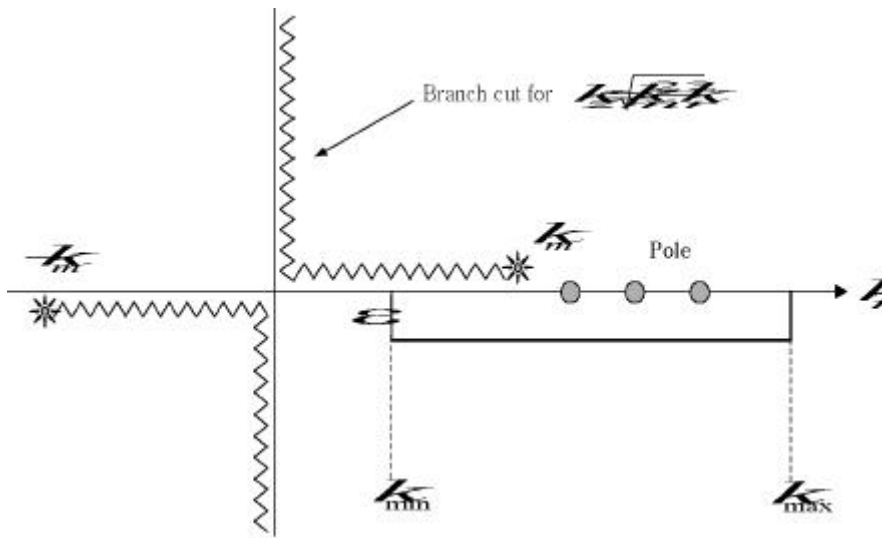
C (4.18) 가

C_1, C_2, C_3 ϵ

$g(k_{\min}, z)\sqrt{k_{\min}}, g(k_{\max}, z)\sqrt{k_{\max}} \approx 0$, $\epsilon \ll k_{\max} - k_{\min}$,

$\tilde{k} = k + i\epsilon$ integral

\tilde{k} (4.18)



4.3

$$G(r, z) e^{-\varepsilon r} \simeq \sqrt{\frac{1}{2\pi r}} e^{-i\left(m + \frac{1}{2}\right)\frac{1}{2}\pi} \int_C g(k - i\varepsilon, z) \sqrt{k_r - i\varepsilon} e^{-irk_r} dk_r \quad (4.19)$$

$$G(r_j, z) \approx \frac{\Delta k}{\sqrt{2\pi r_j}} e^{\sigma_j + i\left[k_{\min} r_j - \left(m + \frac{1}{2}\right)\frac{1}{2}\pi\right]} \sum_{l=0}^{M-1} [g(k_l - i\varepsilon, z) e^{-ir_{\min} l \Delta k_r} \sqrt{k_l - i\varepsilon}] e^{-i\left(\frac{2\pi l}{M}\right)} - \sum_{n \neq 0} G(r_j + nR, z) e^{-\varepsilon n R} \quad (4.20)$$

$$e^{-\varepsilon R} \quad r_{\min} + R \quad r_{\min} \quad \text{가} \quad e^{\varepsilon R} \quad \text{가} \quad (4.4)$$

$r_{\max} = R$

ε

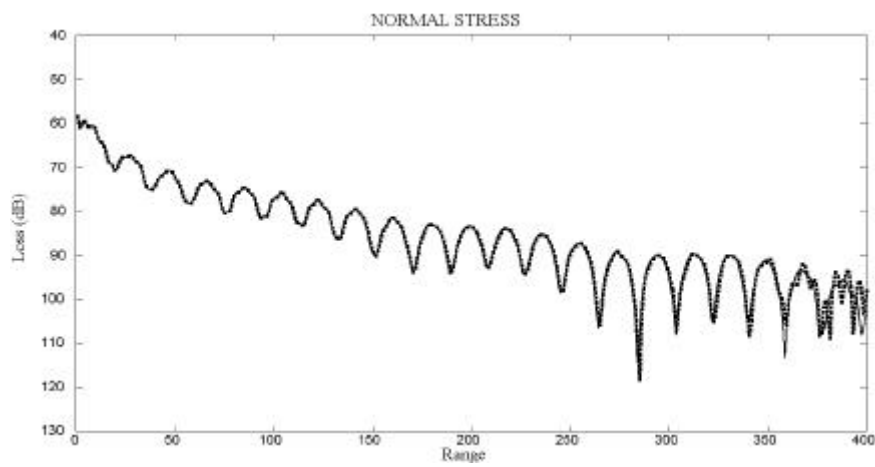
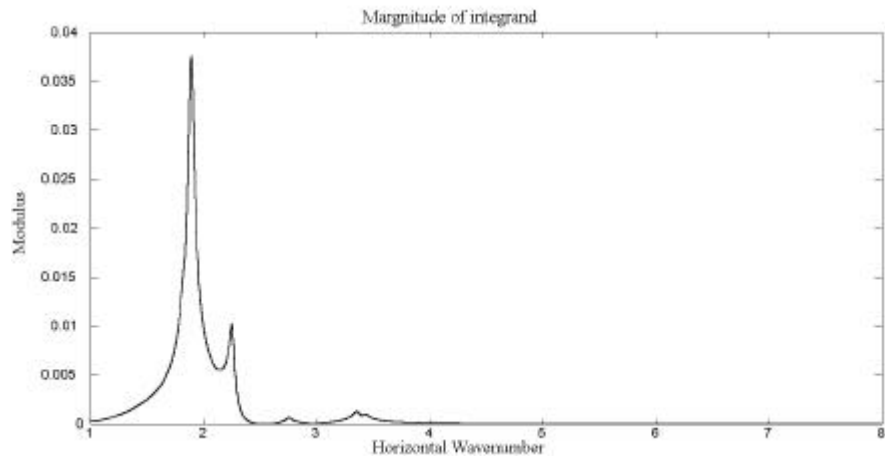
60 dB

$$e = \frac{3}{R \log e} = \frac{3}{2\pi(M-1) \log e} (k_{\max} - k_{\min}) \quad (4.21)$$

$$\varepsilon \ll k_{\max} - k_{\min}$$

Fast Field

$$(4.16) \quad \Delta k$$



4.4 (a)

(b)

4.3

(S_w)

$$F(r, z, t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} G(r, z, w) e^{iwt} dw \quad (4.22)$$

FFT

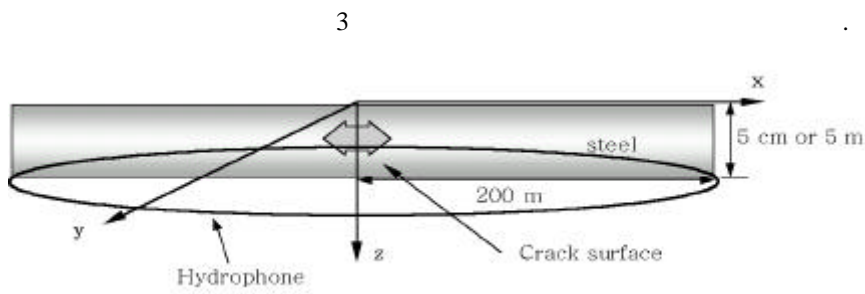
$$F(r, z, t) \approx \Delta w e^{i w_{\min} t_j} \sum_{l=0}^{N-1} [G(r, z, w) e^{i t_{\min} l \Delta w}] e^{i(2\pi l j / N)} \quad (4.23)$$

$$t_j = t_{\min} + j \Delta t, \quad l_j = 0, 1, \dots (N-1), \quad (4.24)$$

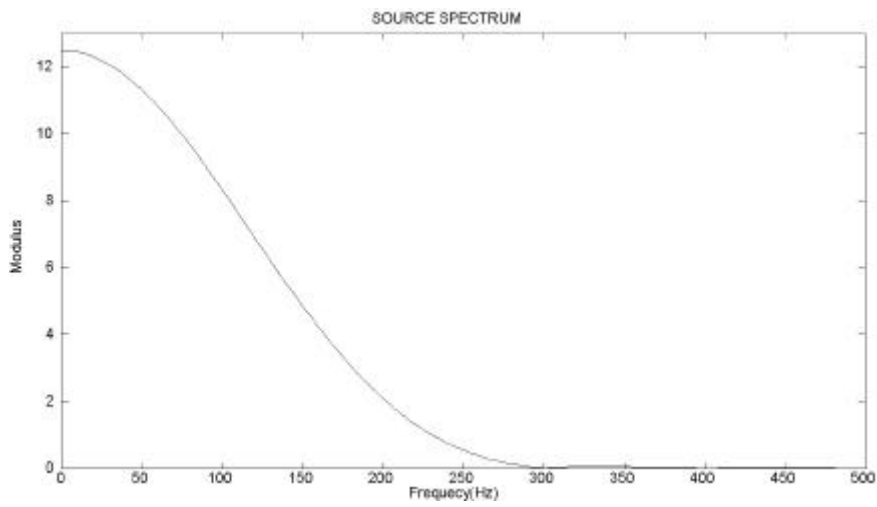
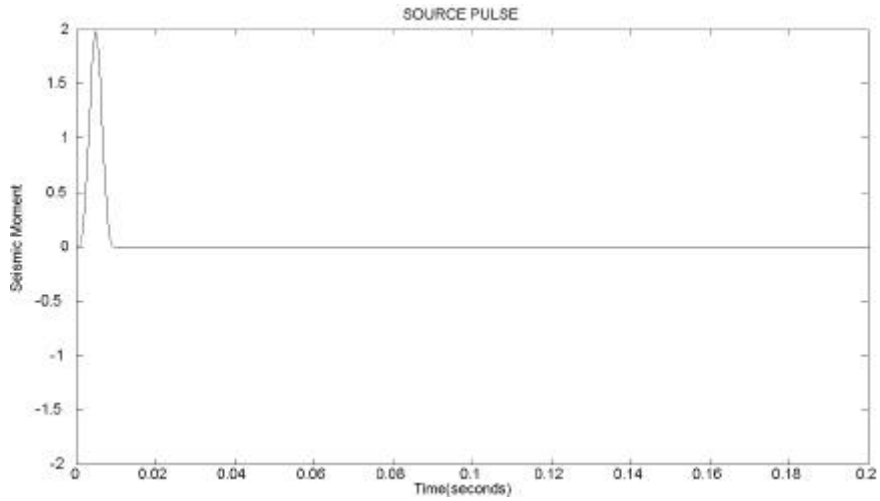
$$w_j = w_{\min} + l \Delta w, \quad l = 0, 1, \dots (N-1),$$

$$\Delta t \Delta w = 2\pi / N \quad (4.25)$$

4.5.



4.5



4.6

5 m 5 cm 가 3 m 3 cm,
 5 m 5 cm , dip-angle = 90°, $\phi_s = 0$.
 (4.16) , 0-300 Hz . 200 m
 3가

tensile crack dip-slip, strike-slip

가 5m 5cm (4.10)- (4.15) ,

5cm

(4.7), (4.8), (4.9) 3

$$t_{c_1} = \frac{\sqrt{r^2 + z_r^2}}{c_c} = 0.133, \quad t_{c_2} = \frac{\sqrt{r^2 + z_r^2}}{c_c} = 0.033, \quad t_{s_1} = \frac{\sqrt{r^2 + z_r^2}}{c_s} = 0.064 \quad (4.26)$$

가

가 5cm

가

가

dip- slip

0, 180

가

, strike- slip

90

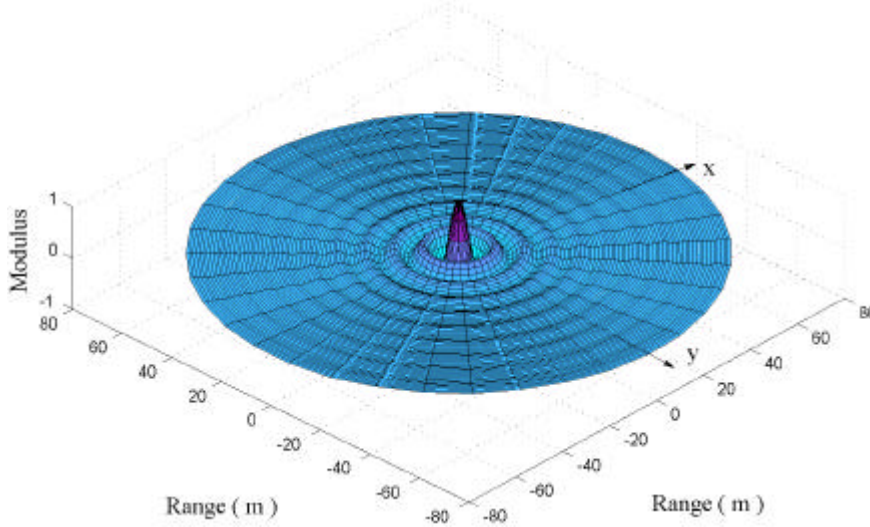
가

tensile

- crack

가

Radiation Pattern of Tensile crack with dip-angle 0 degree for Single Frequency 100 Hz in a Homogeneous elastic medium

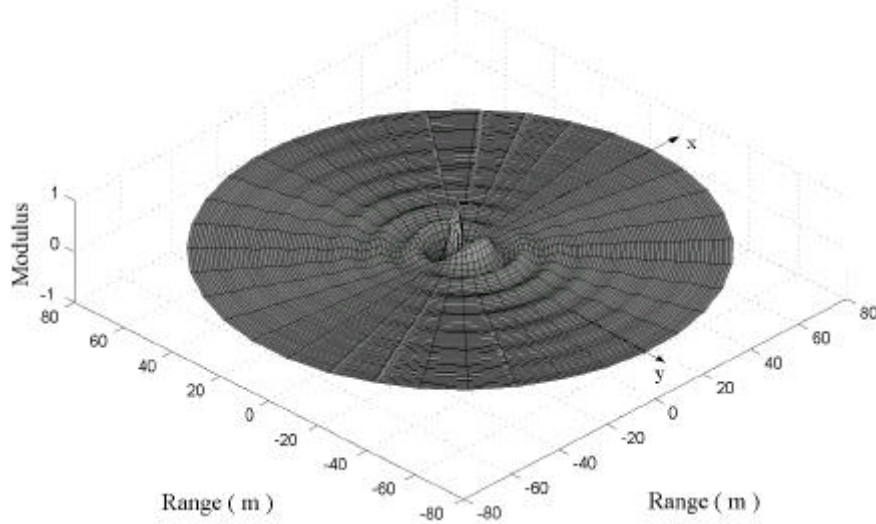


4.7

Dip angle 90

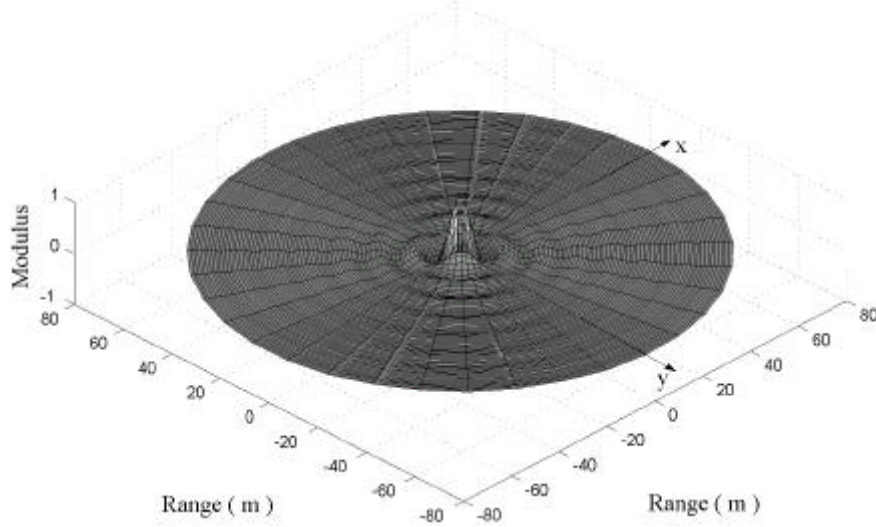
Tensile-crack

Radiation Pattern of Dip-Slip with dip-angle 90 degree for Single frequency 100 Hz in Homogeneous elastic medium



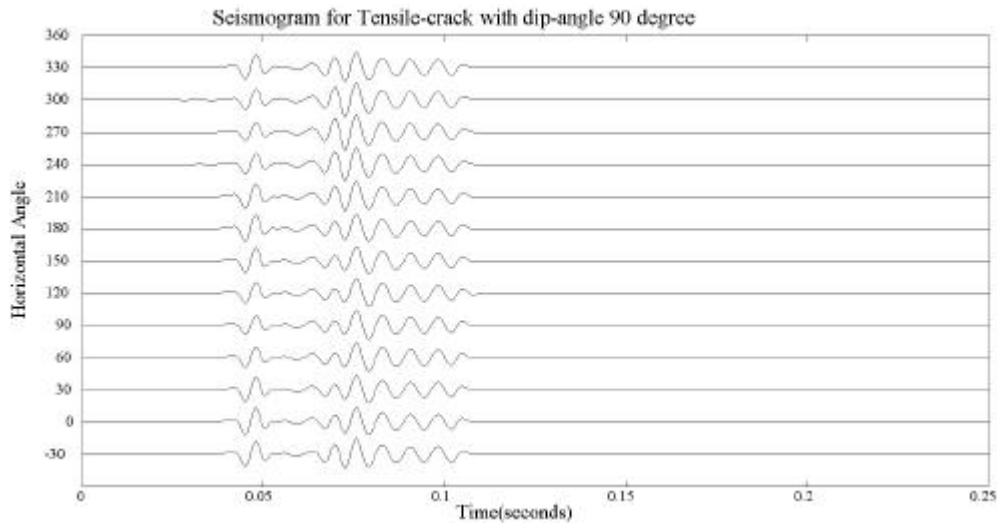
4.8 Dip angle 90 Dip slip

Radiation Pattern of Strike-Slip with dip-angle 90 degree for Single frequency 100 Hz in Homogeneous elastic medium

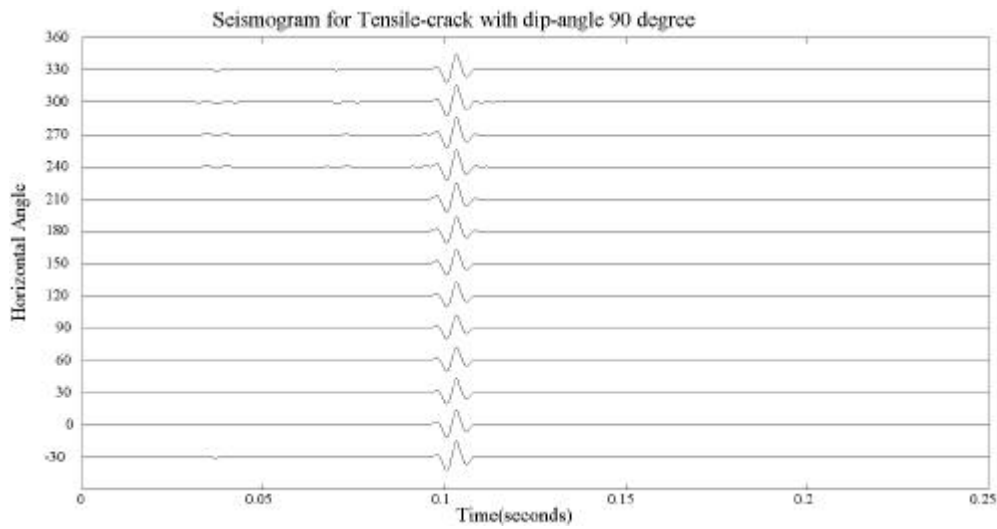


4.10 Dip angle 90 Strike slip

case . Tensile crack.

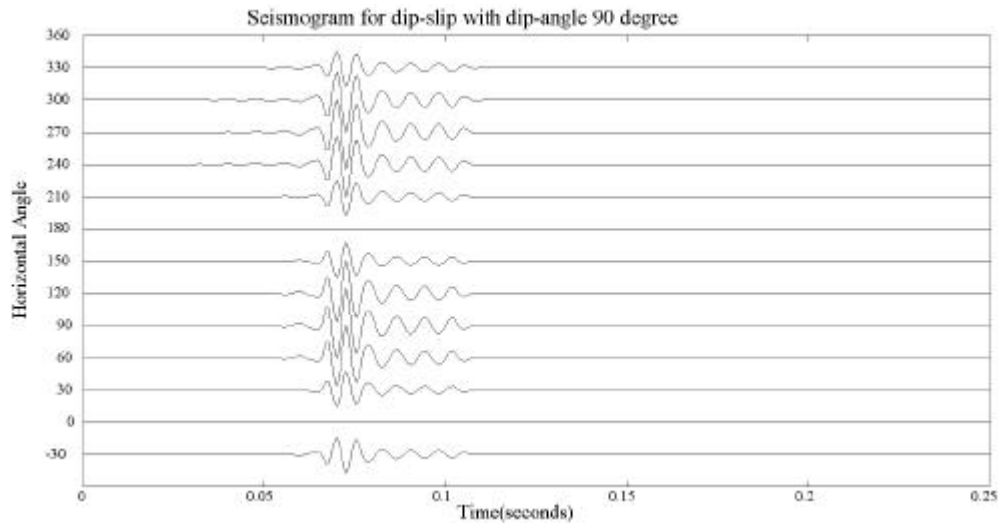


4.11 Dip angle 90 Tensile crack
(r = 200 m, d = 5 m)

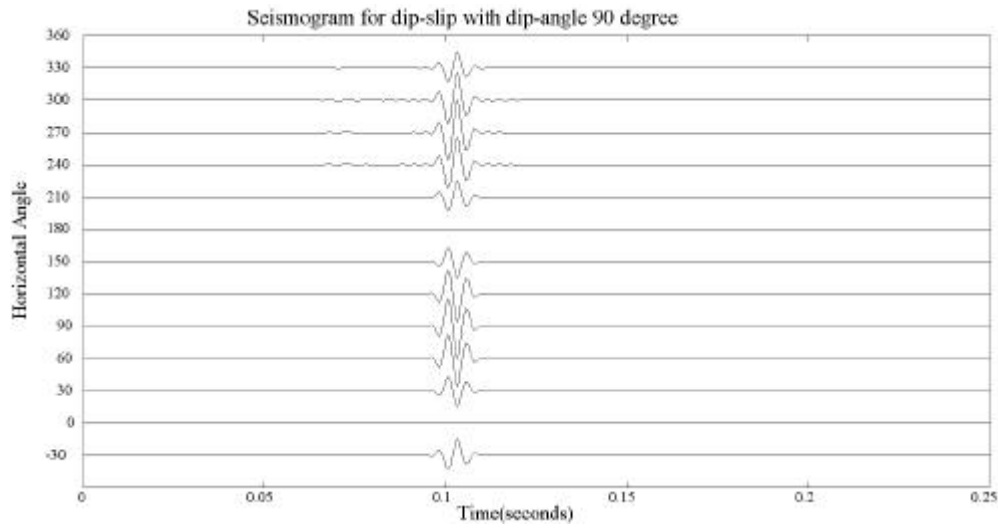


4.12 Dip angle 90 Tensile crack
(r = 200 m, d = 5 cm)

case . dip slip

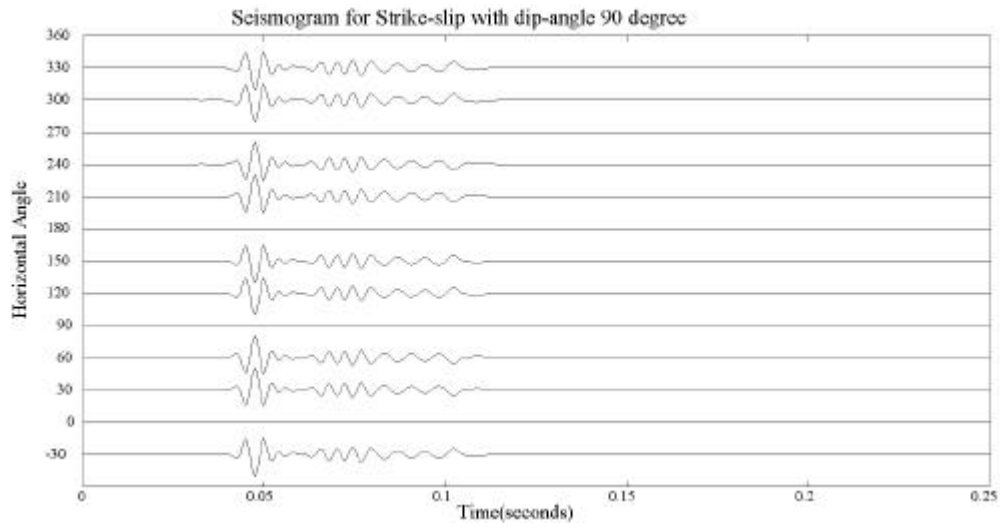


4.13 Dip angle90 Dip slip
(r = 200 m, d = 5 m)

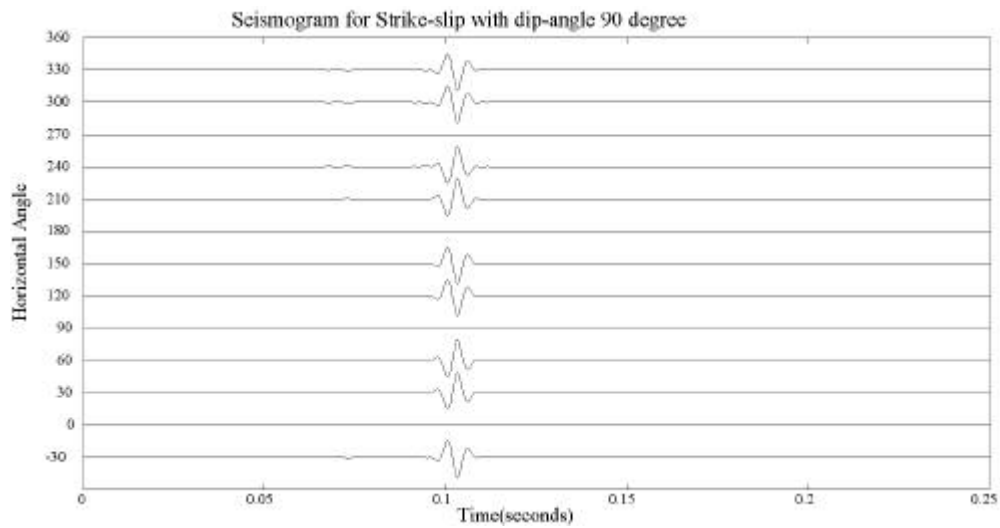


4.14 Dip angle90 Dip slip
(r = 200 m, d = 5 cm)

case . strike slip.



4.15 Dip angle 90 strike slip
(r = 200 m, d = 5 m)



4.16 Dip angle 90 Strike slip
(r = 200 m, d = 5 cm)

5.

Kellis- Borok(1950)

, Sato[29]

2

, 3

tensile- crack

dip- slip, strike- slip

, 4

FFP

10~20 %

가

5cm

가

가

가

가

가



5.1

(5.1) ,

가

/

(coated plat)

(plate)

Appendix

A1. Dip Slip

Potentials

$$\phi = \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \begin{bmatrix} -0.5 \sin 2\delta(2\alpha^2 + k^2)J_0(kr) \\ -2 \cos 2\delta \zeta k \alpha \sin \theta J_1(kr) \\ -0.5 \sin 2\delta k^2 \cos 2\theta J_2(kr) \end{bmatrix} e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \frac{k}{\alpha} dk$$

$$\Lambda = \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \begin{bmatrix} -1.5 \sin 2\delta \zeta \beta J_0(kr) \\ -\cos 2\delta \frac{2k^2 - k_2^2}{k} \sin \theta J_1(kr) \\ -0.5 \sin 2\delta \zeta \beta \cos 2\theta J_2(kr) \end{bmatrix} e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{k}{\beta} dk$$

$$\psi = \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \begin{bmatrix} +\cos 2\delta \zeta \frac{k^2 \beta}{k} \cos \theta J_1(kr) \\ -0.5 \sin 2\delta k^2 \sin 2\theta J_2(kr) \end{bmatrix} e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{k}{\beta} dk$$

Displacements and stresses

For zeroth order,

$$w^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho w^2} M_0 \int_0^\infty \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \sin 2\delta(2\alpha^2 + k^2) \zeta e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ -1.5 \sin 2\delta \zeta k^2 e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{bmatrix} J_0(kr) k dk$$

$$u^m + v^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho w^2} M_0 \int_0^\infty \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \sin 2\delta(2\alpha^2 + k^2) \frac{k}{\alpha} e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ -1.5 \sin 2\delta \beta k e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{bmatrix} J_1(kr) k dk$$

$$u^m - v^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho w^2} M_0 \int_0^\infty \begin{bmatrix} -0.5 \sin 2\delta(2\alpha^2 + k^2) \frac{k}{\alpha} e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ 1.5 \sin 2\delta \beta k e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{bmatrix} J_{-1}(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{zz}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho w^2} M_0 \mu \int_0^\infty \begin{bmatrix} -0.5 \sin 2\delta(2\alpha^2 + k^2)(2\alpha^2 - k^2) \frac{1}{\alpha} e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ +3 \sin 2\delta k^2 \beta e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{bmatrix} J_0(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{rz}^m + \sigma_{\theta z}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho w^2} M_0 \mu \int_0^\infty \begin{bmatrix} -\sin 2\delta \zeta k (2\alpha^2 + k^2) e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ +1.5 \sin 2\delta k (\beta^2 + k^2) e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{bmatrix} J_1(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{rz}^m - \sigma_{\theta z}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \mu \int_0^{\infty} \left[\begin{array}{l} + \sin 2\delta k (2\alpha^2 + k^2) e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - 1.5 \sin 2\delta \zeta k (\beta^2 + k^2) e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_{-1}(kr) k dk$$

For $\sin \theta$ order,

$$w^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \int_0^{\infty} \left[\begin{array}{l} 2 \cos 2\delta \alpha k e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - \cos 2\delta (2k^2 - k_m^2) \frac{k}{\beta} e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_1(kr) k dk$$

$$u^m + v^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \int_0^{\infty} \left[\begin{array}{l} 2 \cos 2\delta \zeta k^2 e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - 2 \cos 2\delta \zeta k^2 e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_2(kr) k dk$$

$$u^m - v^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \int_0^{\infty} \left[\begin{array}{l} - 2 \cos 2\delta \zeta k^2 e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ + 2 \cos 2\delta \zeta \beta^2 e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_0(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{zz}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \mu \int_0^{\infty} \left[\begin{array}{l} - 2 \cos 2\delta \zeta k (k^2 + \beta^2) e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ + 2 \cos 2\delta \zeta k (k^2 + \beta^2) e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_1(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{rz}^m + \sigma_{\theta z}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \mu \int_0^{\infty} \left[\begin{array}{l} - 4 \cos 2\delta \alpha k^2 e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ + \cos 2\delta \frac{k^2}{\beta} (3\beta^3 + k^2) e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_2(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{rz}^m - \sigma_{\theta z}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \mu \int_0^{\infty} \left[\begin{array}{l} 4 \cos 2\delta \alpha k^2 e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - \cos 2\delta (2\beta^3 + \frac{k^4}{\beta} + \beta k^2) e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_0(kr) k dk$$

For $\cos 2\theta$ order,

$$w^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \int_0^{\infty} \left[\begin{array}{l} + 0.5 \sin 2\delta \zeta k^2 e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - 0.5 \sin 2\delta \zeta k^2 e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_2(kr) k dk$$

$$u^m + v^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \int_0^{\infty} \left[\begin{array}{l} 0.5 \sin 2\delta \frac{k^3}{\alpha} e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - 0.5 \sin 2\delta \frac{k^3}{\beta} e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_3(kr) k dk$$

$$u^m - v^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \int_0^{\infty} \left[\begin{array}{l} - 0.5 \sin 2\delta \frac{k^3}{\alpha} e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - 0.5 \sin 2\delta (k^2 - 2\beta^2) \frac{k}{\beta} e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_1(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{zz}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho w^2} M_0 \mu \int_0^\infty \left[-0.5 \sin 2\delta (k^2 + \beta^2) \frac{k^2}{\alpha} e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} + \sin 2\delta k^2 \beta e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \right] J_2(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{rz}^m + \sigma_{\theta z}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho w^2} M_0 \mu \int_0^\infty \left[-\sin 2\delta \zeta k^3 e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} + \sin 2\delta \zeta k^3 e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \right] J_3(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{rz}^m - \sigma_{\theta z}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho w^2} M_0 \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\sin 2\delta \zeta k^3 e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} - \sin 2\delta \zeta k^3 \beta^2 e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \right] J_1(kr) k dk$$

A.2 Strike- Slip

Potentials

$$\phi = -\frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \left[\frac{\sin \delta \sin 2\theta k^2 J_2(kr)}{2 \cos \delta \cos \theta \zeta k \alpha J_1(kr)} \right] e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \frac{k}{\alpha} dk$$

$$\phi_r = -\frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \left[\frac{\sin \delta \sin 2\theta k J_1(kr)}{\cos \delta \cos \theta \zeta \beta J_0(kr)} \right] e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{k}{\beta} dk$$

$$\phi_\theta = -\frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \left[\frac{\sin \delta \sin 2\theta k J_1(kr)}{\cos \delta \cos \theta \zeta \beta J_0(kr)} \right] e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{k}{\beta} dk$$

$$\phi_z = \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \cos \delta \cos \theta k J_1(kr) e^{\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{k}{\beta} dk$$

,

$$\phi = -\frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \left[\frac{\sin \delta \sin 2\theta k^2 J_2(kr)}{2 \cos \delta \cos \theta \zeta k \alpha J_1(kr)} \right] e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \frac{k}{\alpha} dk$$

$$\Lambda = \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \left[\cos \delta \cos \theta k \frac{2k^2 - k_2^2}{k} J_1(kr) - \sin \delta \cos 2\theta \zeta \beta J_2(kr) \right] e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{k}{\beta} dk$$

$$\phi = \frac{M_0}{4\pi\rho w^2} e^{i\omega t} \int_0^\infty \left[\cos \delta \sin \theta \zeta \beta \frac{k_m^2}{k} J_1(kr) + \sin \delta \cos 2\theta k^2 J_2(kr) \right] e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{k}{\beta} dk$$

Displacements and stresses

For $\cos \theta$ order,

$$w^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} - 2 \cos \delta \alpha k e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ \cos \delta (2k^2 - k_m^2) \frac{k}{\beta} e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_1(kr) k dk$$

$$u^m + v^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} - 2 \cos \delta \zeta k^2 e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ + 2 \cos \delta \zeta k^2 e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_2(kr) k dk$$

$$u^m - v^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} + 2 \cos \delta \zeta k^2 e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - 2 \cos \delta \zeta \beta^2 e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_0(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{zz}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} 2 \cos \delta \zeta k (2k^2 - k_m^2) e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - 2 \cos \delta \zeta k (2k^2 - k_m^2) e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_1(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{rz}^m + \sigma_{\theta z}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} 4 \cos \delta \alpha k^2 e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - \cos \delta \left(\frac{k^4}{\beta} + 3\beta k^2 \right) e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_2(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{rz}^m - \sigma_{\theta z}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} - 4 \cos \delta \alpha k^2 e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ \cos \delta \left(2\beta^3 + \frac{k^4}{\beta} + \beta k^2 \right) e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_0(kr) k dk$$

For $\sin 2\theta$ order,

$$w^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} \sin \delta \zeta k^2 e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - \sin \delta \zeta k^2 e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_2(kr) k dk$$

$$u^m + v^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} \sin \delta \frac{k^3}{\alpha} e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - \sin \delta \frac{k^3}{\beta} e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_3(kr) k dk$$

$$u^m - v^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} - \sin \delta \frac{k^3}{\alpha} e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - \sin \delta \left(k^2 - 2\beta^2 \right) \frac{k}{\beta} e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_1(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{zz}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} -\sin \delta (2k^2 - k_m^2) \frac{k^2}{\alpha} e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ + 2\sin \delta k^2 \beta e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_2(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{rz}^m + \sigma_{\theta z}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} -2\sin \delta \zeta k^3 e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ + 2\sin \delta \zeta k^3 e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_3(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{rz}^m - \sigma_{\theta z}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_0 \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} 2\sin \delta \zeta k^3 e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - 2\sin \delta \zeta k^3 e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_1(kr) k dk$$

A.3 Tensile Crack

$$\begin{aligned} M_1 &= M_0, & \delta_1 &= 90^\circ \\ M_2 &= M_0, & \delta_2 &= \delta + 90^\circ, \text{ and} \\ M_3 &= \frac{-\lambda + 2\mu}{\lambda} M_0, & \delta_3 &= \delta \end{aligned}$$

except that $M_1 = -M_0$ when $m = 2$, $\cos 2\theta$ order.

Potentials

$$\phi = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \phi'_k(r, \theta, z; \delta_k, M_k)$$

$$\psi_r = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \psi'_{r,k}(r, \theta, z; \delta_k, M_k)$$

$$\psi_\theta = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \psi'_{\theta,k}(r, \theta, z; \delta_k, M_k)$$

$$\psi_z = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \psi'_{z,k}(r, \theta, z; \delta_k, M_k)$$

where the potentials with prime ('), which is a single couple without moment, are

$$\phi'_k = - \frac{M_k e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} -0.25(k^2 - 2\alpha^2) \\ + 0.25 \cos 2\delta_k (k^2 + 2\alpha^2) \\ - \sin 2\delta_k \sin \theta \zeta \alpha k J_1(kr) \\ - 0.25(1 - \cos 2\delta_k) \cos 2\theta k^2 J_2(kr) \end{array} \right] J_0(kr) e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \frac{k}{\alpha} dk$$

$$\psi'_{r,k} = - \frac{M_k e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} - 0.5 \sin 2\delta_k \sin \theta \zeta \beta J_0(kr) \\ 0.25(1 - \cos 2\delta_k) \\ - 0.25(1 - \cos 2\delta_k) \cos 2\theta k \end{array} \right] J_0(kr) e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{k}{\beta} dk$$

$$\psi'_{\theta,k} = - \frac{M_k e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} - 0.5 \sin 2\delta_k \cos \theta \zeta \beta J_0(kr) \\ 0.25(1 - \cos 2\delta_k) \cos 2\theta k \end{array} \right] J_0(kr) e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{k}{\beta} dk$$

$$\psi'_{z,k} = - \frac{M_k e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} - 0.5(1 + \cos 2\delta_k) \zeta \beta J_0(kr) \\ - 0.5 \sin 2\delta_k \sin \theta k \end{array} \right] J_0(kr) e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \frac{k}{\beta} dk$$

Displacements and stresses

$$w^m(r, z) = \sum_{k=1}^3 w_k^m(r, z)$$

$$u^m(r, z) + v^m(r, z) = \sum_{k=1}^3 u_k^m(r, z) + v_k^m(r, z)$$

For zeros order,

$$w_k^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} [0.25(k^2 - 2\alpha^2)\zeta - 0.25 \cos 2\delta_k(k^2 + 2\alpha^2)\zeta] e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ (0.25 + 0.75 \cos 2\delta_k)\zeta k^2 e^{\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_0(kr) k dk$$

$$u_k^m + v_k^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} \left[\begin{array}{c} 0.25(k^2 - 2\alpha^2) \frac{k}{\alpha} \\ - 0.25 \cos 2\delta_k(k^2 + 2\alpha^2) \frac{k}{\alpha} \end{array} \right] e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ (0.25 + 0.75 \cos 2\delta_k)\zeta k \beta e^{\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_1(kr) k dk$$

$$u_k^m - v_k^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} \left[\begin{array}{c} - 0.25(k^2 - 2\alpha^2) \frac{k}{\alpha} \\ - 0.25 \cos 2\delta_k(k^2 + 2\alpha^2) \frac{k}{\alpha} \end{array} \right] e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - (0.25 + 0.75 \cos 2\delta_k)\zeta k \beta e^{\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_{-1}(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{zz,k}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} - \frac{k^2 + \beta^2}{\alpha} \left[\begin{array}{c} 0.25(k^2 - 2\alpha^2) \\ - 0.25 \cos 2\delta_k(k^2 + 2\alpha^2)\zeta \end{array} \right] e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - (0.5 + 1.5 \cos 2\delta_k)\beta k^2 e^{\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_0(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{rz, k}^m + \sigma_{\theta, k}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} -0.5(k^2 - 2\alpha^2)\zeta k \\ + 0.5 \cos 2\delta_k (k^2 + 2\alpha^2)\zeta k \\ - (0.25 + 0.75 \cos 2\delta_k)\zeta k (s^2 + \beta^2) e^{\beta z - z_s} \end{array} \right] e^{-\alpha|z - z_s|} J_1(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{rz, k}^m - \sigma_{\theta, k}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} 0.5(k^2 - 2\alpha^2)\zeta k \\ - 0.5 \cos 2\delta_k (k^2 + 2\alpha^2)\zeta k \\ (0.25 + 0.75 \cos 2\delta_k)\zeta k (s^2 + \beta^2) e^{\beta z - z_s} \end{array} \right] e^{-\alpha|z - z_s|} J_{-1}(kr) k dk$$

For $\sin \theta$ order,

$$w_k^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} \alpha k \sin 2\delta_k e^{-\alpha|z - z_s|} \\ - 0.5 \frac{k}{\beta} (\beta^2 + k^2) e^{-\beta z - z_s} \end{array} \right] J_1(kr) k dk$$

$$u_k^m + v_k^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} + \zeta k^2 \sin 2\delta_k e^{-\alpha|z - z_s|} \\ - \zeta k^2 \sin 2\delta_k e^{-\beta z - z_s} \end{array} \right] J_2(kr) k dk$$

$$u_k^m - v_k^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} - 2 \sin 2\delta_k \zeta k^2 e^{-\alpha|z - z_s|} \\ + 2 \sin 2\delta_k \zeta \beta^2 e^{-\beta z - z_s} \end{array} \right] J_0(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{zz, k}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} - 2 \sin 2\delta_k \zeta k (k^2 + \beta^2) e^{-\alpha|z - z_s|} \\ + 2 \sin 2\delta_k \zeta k (k^2 + \beta^2) e^{-\beta z - z_s} \end{array} \right] J_1(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{rz, k}^m + \sigma_{\theta, k}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} - 2 \sin 2\delta_k \alpha k^2 e^{-\alpha|z - z_s|} \\ + 0.5 \sin 2\delta_k \frac{k^2}{\beta} (2\beta^2 + k^2) e^{-\beta z - z_s} \end{array} \right] J_2(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{rz, k}^m - \sigma_{\theta, k}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} 2 \sin 2\delta_k \alpha k^2 e^{-\alpha|z - z_s|} \\ - \sin 2\delta_k (\beta^3 + 0.5 \frac{k^4}{\beta} + 0.5 \beta k^2) e^{-\beta z - z_s} \end{array} \right] J_0(kr) k dk$$

For $\cos 2\theta$ order

$$w_k^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} + 0.25 \zeta k^2 (1 - \cos 2\delta_k) e^{-\alpha|z - z_s|} \\ - 0.25 \zeta k^2 (1 - \cos 2\delta_k) e^{-\beta z - z_s} \end{array} \right] J_2(kr) k dk$$

$$u_k^m + v_k^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{c} + 0.25 \frac{k^3}{\alpha} (1 - \cos 2\delta_k) e^{-\alpha|z - z_s|} \\ - 0.25 \frac{k^3}{\beta} (1 - \cos 2\delta_k) e^{-\beta z - z_s} \end{array} \right] J_3(kr) k dk$$

$$u_k^m - v_k^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{l} - 0.25 \frac{k^3}{\alpha} (1 - \cos 2\delta_k) e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - 0.25(k^2 - 2\beta^2) \frac{k}{\beta} (1 - \cos 2\delta_k) e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_1(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{zz,k}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{l} - 0.25(k^2 + \beta^2) \frac{k^2}{\alpha} (1 - \cos 2\delta_k) e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ + 0.5k^2\beta(1 - \cos 2\delta_k) e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_2(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{rz,k}^m + \sigma_{\theta,k}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{l} - 0.5 \zeta k^3 (1 - \cos 2\delta_k) e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ + 0.5 \zeta k^3 (1 - \cos 2\delta_k) e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_3(kr) k dk$$

$$\sigma_{rz,k}^m - \sigma_{\theta,k}^m = \frac{e^{i\omega t}}{4\pi\rho\omega^2} M_k \mu \int_0^\infty \left[\begin{array}{l} + 0.5 \zeta k^3 e^{-\alpha|z-z_s|} \\ - 0.5 \zeta k \beta^2 e^{-\beta|z-z_s|} \end{array} \right] J_1(kr) k dk$$

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